1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION
3	DAVID D. WILBON, et al.,
4	Plaintiffs,
5	vs.) No. 12 C 1132
6	JOSEPH M. PLOVANICH, et al.,) Chicago, Illinois
7) August 17, 2017 Defendants.) 10:10 A.M.
8	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS - Status BEFORE THE HONORABLE M. DAVID WEISMAN, Magistrate Judge
9	
10	APPEARANCES:
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20	BY: MS. KRISTIN M. PINKSTON MS. DANA MARIE O'MALLEY.
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         (Proceedings had in open court.)
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             THE COURT: All right. Does everyone want to go
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    around and just put your names on the record and then we'll see
4
    how far we can get?
             MS. PINKSTON: Kristin Pinkston for defendants.
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             MS. O'MALLEY: Dana O'Malley for defendants.
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             MS. ROMELFANGER: Allison Romelfanger for defendants.
             MR. REGENSCHEIT: Daniel Regenscheit for the
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    plaintiffs.
             MS. DYMKAR: Irene Dymkar for the plaintiffs.
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             And Torreya Hamilton will be arriving in a couple of
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    minutes for plaintiffs.
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             THE COURT: Great. And when Ms. Hamilton gets here,
    we'll make that on the record.
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             All right. So we are continuing our review of the
15
    deposition that we have been going on for a while of
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17
    Mr. Thorton. And we are at -- I have us at page 145.
             Does anyone think we're somewhat different?
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             MS. DYMKAR: 144, line 25. So it is a line before
20
    that.
21
             And there are a couple of matters I would like to
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    address with the Court before that.
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             THE COURT: Sure. Give me one second. I want to get
    a red pen because that's how I have been tracking it.
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         (Brief interruption.)
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                         I'm sorry. Ms. Dymkar, go ahead.
             THE COURT:
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             MS. DYMKAR: There was a preliminary ruling by the
3
    Court regarding whether Keith Thorton could be asked whether he
4
    told anybody that he saw people coming out of the bar. And you
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    had asked us to try to determine which officer might have said
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    that there was a bar involved.
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             And it is Esquivel, and we have four page citations.
    I have got a couple of the pages here.
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9
             So it is Esquivel, 69, 70, 74, 75, 76, and 93. And I
    do have a couple of them here where it just clearly says that
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11
    Keith Thorton said these guys were causing a disturbance
    outside a bar.
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13
             MS. O'MALLEY: I'm sorry, could you read those pages
    again?
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15
             MS. DYMKAR: Sure. 69, 70, 74, 75, 76, and 93.
             THE COURT. All right. Where in the transcript of
16
17
    Mr. Thorton's deposition does that come up? And did you want
    me to re- -- I'm assuming you are asking me to reconsider that.
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19
             MS. DYMKAR: You said that it would come in, but it
20
    was a preliminary ruling. We just wanted to firm that up.
21
             THE COURT: Oh, perfect. Okay. Tell me where we are.
22
             MR. REGENSCHEIT: Page 93, 25 to 94, 18.
             THE COURT: Okay. 93, 25. You are correct.
23
                                                           That's
    what I have in my notes, conditional and showing an officer
24
25
    said this happened.
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1
             MS. PINKSTON: Uh-huh.
2
             THE COURT: All right. So this exchange, it is
3
    basically a question asking Mr. Thorton, is there a bar on that
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    block? Mr. Thorton, saying, I have no idea.
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             And then some questions as to whether he told -- if he
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    remembers telling a police officer that there was a bar on the
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    block.
             I had conditionally admitted that conditioned on
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    showing an officer said this happened. I don't have -- I don't
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    know if I have Mr. -- or defendant Esquivel's transcript, but
11
    I'm assuming -- does defense counsel?
12
             MS. PINKSTON: I did not bring it with me, your Honor.
13
             MS. O'MALLEY: No.
             THE COURT: One minute. I may have it.
14
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             You guys brought a bunch of deps, right?
             MS. O'MALLEY: I believe you have all of the deps at
16
17
    this point.
18
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes.
19
             THE COURT: All right.
20
         (Brief interruption.)
21
             THE COURT: All right. So this is page 69 of Noel
22
    Esquivel's deposition, lines 13 through 17. The question is:
23
    What, if anything, you did hear him say to any officers or any
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    officers say to him? The him referring to Mr. Wilbon.
                                                            I'm
25
    sorry to Mr. Thorton.
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And the answer: I heard him say that he was pointing to the gentleman outside the car. Those were the guys over at Menard causing a disturbance outside the bar. And he pointed directly at David Wilbon and said he is the one that threw the bottle at the police officer. So that's 69. Page 70, there is a reference to Officer Esquivel

saying, if there was a disturbance outside the bar. I heard him say that those were the fellows that were causing the disturbance outside the bar. Again he's referring to Mr. Thorton.

Page 74. Did he again, Mr. Thorton, say where this happened?

> Yeah, outside the bar. Answer:

Okay. I'm satisfied that there is a showing that the officer said Mr. Thorton said it happened near a bar.

Anything from the defendants on that point?

MS. PINKSTON: No, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Next, Ms. Dymkar. Thank you.

MS. DYMKAR: The other thing, your Honor, we had -- we filed objections back in June, the idea that maybe if the Court issued a ruling on certain issues, it would go more quickly going through the deposition transcript.

And specifically we wanted the Court to make a ruling on testimony of a show-up. And this is where Keith Thorton says, there was a woman and a man officer -- this is a Document 415, page 2.

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Keith Thorton said that a man and a woman officer told me to get in the car. I drove in the car past plaintiffs, and I pointed out David Wilbon.

And what we said was that these -- the male and female officers were not defendants. They were never identified throughout the whole case. They never appeared on event queries or attendance and assignment sheets. But most important, the defendants never testified that this show-up occurred, that there was a police car, a marked police car, with a man and woman officer that drove past the plaintiffs and David -- and excuse me -- Keith Thorton pointed out the --David Wilbon. And so --

THE COURT: Let me just understand. You're saying that the evidence currently based on deposition testimony is that no officer says that type of show-up occurred?

MS. DYMKAR: Right.

THE COURT: All right. Keep going.

MS. DYMKAR: So we're saying that any alleged conversations between Thorton and the male and female officers are hearsay, and that it is not -- it is not -- it can't be used for collective knowledge of the officers who arrested plaintiffs because they never referred to any kind of a show-up that took place.

They say there is an identification that happened a

different way, but not that there was a marked car, the male and female officer that drove by.

THE COURT: All right. Let me stop you. When you say they say a show-up happened a different way, how different do they describe it? For example, you talked about a marked car versus an unmarked car. Are those the differences?

MS. DYMKAR: No.

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THE COURT: Okay.

MS. DYMKAR: Officer Kushiner says that Keith Thorton came over on foot. Keith Thorton denies that.

Keith Thorton came over on foot and that he pointed out all the plaintiffs and said that they were all involved. But so there is no show-up, no pointing out of David Wilbon in a car with this male and female officer.

And I said we were -- throughout discovery we were never able to identify who these officers were. We went through attendance and assignment sheets. We came at it all these different ways, and we could not identify who these -- these would be uniformed officers in a marked car going past.

And so anything he says he said to them or they said to him, including an identification of David Wilbon, is all -is all hearsay.

And most important is it is not relevant because the defendant officers don't say it happened, don't say they

1 communicated with somebody who drove past for a show-up. 2 THE COURT: All right. First of all, for the record, 3 Ms. Hamilton has arrived. No worries on timing. I just want 4 the record clear on that. Let me hear from defendants on that issue. 5 6 MS. PINKSTON: Sure, your Honor. This has been argued 7 before, your Honor, and this deposition testimony was provided both in court as well as in Document Number 418. 8 9 Noel Esquivel testified that he observed a civilian in 10 the back of a marked police car who pointed to plaintiff David 11 Wilbon and identified him as the person he observed throw a bottle at a police officer. 12 13 The citations are 58, lines 9 through 60, lines 20.65 --14 15 THE COURT: I'm sorry. Can you start again? MS. PINKSTON: Sure, 58, line 9 through 60, line 20; 16 17 65, line 12 through 21; 67, line 15 through 69, line 19; 72, line 12 through 73, line 4; 73, line 10 through 14. 18 19 Additionally, while I understand it is the Court's 20 argument about what the defendants -- not the Court's argument, 21 excuse me -- the Court's position that it is most relevant as to what the defendants knew at the time. Plaintiff David 22 Wilbon also testified to observing this show-up. 23 24 So -- but there is testimony from Noel Esquivel as to

observing this civilian in the back of the marked police car.

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MS. DYMKAR: Esquivel testified that there was a car parked down the street and that he talked to David Wilbon in the car.

What we're concerned about is the communications that he says, you know, they told me to get into the car. I got into the car. I told them that that was David Wilbon.

All the communications with him are with this male, female officer. They never could establish that this male, female officer said anything to anybody outside.

And so this -- it just -- it is baffling because we could never identify who these officers were and whether this show-up actually occurred.

But any communications he had with these two officers who are not defendants, were never named, including an identification of David Wilbon, does not seem to have been communicated to anybody standing in the street or anybody in the station, is totally disconnected from --

THE COURT: So I'm not clear -- I understand the argument. So one thing I'm not comfortable ruling on now, I want to look at, is what showing needs to be made that the statement was made to begin with? Because the hearsay issue, presuming those statements were made, I don't see a hearsay problem because it goes to the state of mind of the defendants. They were told this.

> It is not -- it may not have been true. But

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    that -- that's what they were told. And that's why the state
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    of mind exception exists for hearsay because it -- you know, it
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    is not being offered for the truth of the matter; i.e., what
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    the person said, it is being offered to show what the officers
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    knew and why they acted the way they did.
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             But I'm looking at the issue below that which is what
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    showing needs to be made that the statement itself was actually
    made. And I'm not clear what you're asking -- I'm not
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    comfortable ruling until I look at that issue.
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             MS. DYMKAR: Okay.
             THE COURT: But I'm not clear on what you're asking me
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    to consider.
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             Give me just one moment, please.
         (Brief interruption.)
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             THE COURT: Sorry about that.
             All right. So what are you asking me to rule on? I
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    understand the issue. As I said, I want to look at the -- I
    want to look at the issue of what showing needs to be made that
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    the statement was actually made to begin with to satisfy, you
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    know, what I think is an acceptable hearsay exception because
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    it goes to state of mind. It is not being offered for the
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    truth of the matter.
             But what are you asking me to do?
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                          It may not be helpful to addressing this
             MS. DYMKAR:
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    as an issue. I thought it would be. But if -- I think what
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quicker.

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you are saying is you want to see what -- who said what as we
work our way through. I was identifying that as an issue
because they -- this show-up -- first of all, we doubt that it
happened, but --
         THE COURT: Can I just make a comment on this? So I
appreciate your subjective assessment of what you believe and
don't believe. But, again, I'm trying to get us in a good
position to have an efficient trial. And it is one thing to
say we doubt it happened. That's fine. But it is not really
relevant.
         If there is places where people say this happened, and
you question their integrity or credibility, totally fine. But
the record is not we doubt it happened, it would be -- should
be people say it happened. That helps me.
         It does not help me to decide anything to hear what
you believe or don't believe.
         MS. HAMILTON: Can I interject?
         THE COURT: Sure.
         MS. HAMILTON: It was my suggestion actually having --
we spent like three and a half hours going through the rest of
this and discussing it and trying to figure out if there was
stuff that we could agree on --
                    I appreciate that.
         THE COURT:
        MS. HAMILTON: -- that would make this go a little
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THE COURT: Yeah, I totally appreciate that.

MS. HAMILTON: And so it was my suggestion that we address this show-up issue first because if, depending on your Honor's ruling, you know, there are certain portions -- there is many portions of the next bit of the transcript that plaintiff believes should be out because of the arguments that Ms. Dymkar has made about the show-up being not something that was communicated to the officers, so not a probable cause determination.

So whichever way your Honor rules on that, if your Honor was to say, for example, that the show-up is out, then we would have -- certain -- we would be able to tell you certain things.

And if the show-up is in, there is additional things we could agree on that would make this faster.

So that's the reason why we bring it up first.

THE COURT: Okay. No, I appreciate that. So as I understand it, Mr. Wilbon is -- I'm sorry -- Mr. Thorton is saying this show-up happened, and these are the things that I did and this is how the show-up happened.

You're questioning the relevance of that. If that information was never communicated to the officers, okay, I understand that.

The city is saying, at least Officer Esquivel says something like this happened.

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             All right. Do you have other evidence, other than
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    Officer Esquivel? And I will pull 418 and look at it.
3
             But do you have other places in the record as it
4
    stands now with depositions where someone is saying something
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    like this happened?
             MS. PINKSTON: David Wilbon.
6
7
             THE COURT: Okay. And is that cited in 418?
             MS. PINKSTON: No, it is not because, based upon the
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9
    oral argument, my understanding was the Court's position was
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    they only wanted a citation to the defendants's testimony as to
11
    what the defendants knew, but I can get those citations
12
    immediately after this hearing.
13
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: So maybe I could suggest, your Honor,
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    that we could just -- I can identify what portions plaintiff
15
    objects to based on that issue.
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17
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: And then your Honor could rule. And
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19
    then I think we might be able to talk again and even narrow it
20
    down -- just those portions that have to do with the show-up,
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    we'll be able to --
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             THE COURT: Yeah, we can --
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             MS. HAMILTON: -- depending on how your Honor rules.
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             THE COURT: Sure. We can say this is contingent on
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    the show-up ruling. I mean, I do -- I appreciate your
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               I -- and I -- to me if there is a factual inquiry if
    position.
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    that information was conveyed to the officers. You know,
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    if -- you know, if Mr. Thorton said, I pulled out my yearbook
4
    and said, see, I know these guys, and -- that's great
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    information that was never communicated to the officers, I
6
    don't know how relevant it is. You know, that has been the
7
    struggle with all of this.
             So I'm happy to kind of flag that stuff and then look
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    further at the issue.
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             MS. HAMILTON: Okay.
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             THE COURT: As I said I'm comfortable with the
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    principle of hearsay involved. I need to look further at when
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    someone is questioning whether the statement ever happened or
    was conveyed to anyone.
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             So, you know, people can't use state of mind exception
    to get in something that at the time they didn't know.
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17
    defeats the underlying principle of the rule. So --
             MS. DYMKAR: Okay.
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             THE COURT: -- why don't we -- that's a great idea.
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    As we get through those, we can identify those, and I can -- we
21
    can kind of move through it more quickly.
22
             All right. Anything else we want to talk about before
23
    we --
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             MS. DYMKAR: No, your Honor.
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             THE COURT:
                         Okay. So --
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             MS. O'MALLEY: I just have one apology. I didn't
2
    print the email from Ms. Hamilton, so I am looking at my phone.
3
    So I apologize I had my phone out, your Honor, but --
4
             THE COURT: Do you want a printout of it?
5
             MS. O'MALLEY: No, it is fine. I can read use my
6
    phone.
7
             THE COURT: Oh, okay.
             MS. O'MALLEY: I just apologize for having my phone on
8
9
    the table.
10
             THE COURT: That's fine.
             MS. HAMILTON: I have it here. It is because we don't
11
    know whether the show-up thing is coming in or not --
12
             MS. O'MALLEY: Right.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: -- I am going to be flipping back and
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15
    forth, and I might not be as quick as I would like to be, but I
    think I have it all.
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             THE COURT: If anyone wants something printed out to
    help this go quicker, I am happy -- you can send it to my
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19
    email, and I'm happy to print it out for you if you think
20
    that's going to help.
21
             MS. O'MALLEY: I'm okay.
             THE COURT: I'm not offended by the phone. Trust me,
22
    I have got teenagers at home. That's not --
23
24
             Okay. So Ms. Dymkar corrected me and -- properly
25
    saying 144, line 25, is where we stopped.
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             MS. DYMKAR: Yes.
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             THE COURT: Okay. And --
             MS. HAMILTON: So plaintiff has an objection based on
3
    the show-up issues from 144, 25 to 145, 3.
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5
             THE COURT: Okay.
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             MS. HAMILTON: However if the show-up is in, then
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    plaintiff has no other objections to that.
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             THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to mark those SU for my
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    purposes, and then I will know once we rule on that.
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             MS. HAMILTON: Okay.
11
             Ready, Judge?
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             THE COURT: Yes. Thanks.
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             MS. HAMILTON: So then 145, 4 to 145, 22 is agreed.
             THE COURT: As being in, correct?
14
15
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
16
             THE COURT: Okay.
17
             MS. DYMKAR: Wait a minute.
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             MS. HAMILTON: Yes, 145, 23 is not because of the
19
    show-up.
             MS. DYMKAR: 146, 2.
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21
             THE COURT: I'm --
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             MS. HAMILTON: I'm not there yet.
23
             MS. DYMKAR: I'm sorry.
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         (Discussion off the record.)
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             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Don't worry.
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1
             Okay. So then 145, 23 to 146, 2 is a show-up
2
    objection.
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             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: If the show-up comes in, plaintiff has
4
    no other objection to that portion.
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             THE COURT: Great.
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             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then 146, 3 to 147, 4, is
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    agreed.
9
             THE COURT: Perfect.
             MS. HAMILTON: Sorry. So we're at 147. That's the
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11
    next designation portion, right?
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             MS. DYMKAR: Right.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: So 147, 12 to 154, 6, plaintiff is
    objecting based on the show-up objection.
14
15
             THE COURT: Okay.
16
             I'm sorry, Ms. Hamilton, where does that end, 147, 12
17
    to?
18
             MS. HAMILTON: To 154, 6.
19
             THE COURT: Oh.
             MS. HAMILTON: So that's a big portion. But within
20
    that -- tell me when you're ready.
21
22
             THE COURT: Yeah, let me just mark all this, and then
23
    I'll get back.
             If you have objections --
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             MS. HAMILTON: I have a couple of things -- yeah, a
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1
    couple of things in the bag.
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             THE COURT: Okay.
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             MS. O'MALLEY: I'm sorry, what was the end of your
4
    number?
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             MS. HAMILTON: 154, 6.
6
             MS. O'MALLEY: Thank you.
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             MS. HAMILTON: But that's if the show-up.
             MS. O'MALLEY: Yes.
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             MS. HAMILTON: And then I'm going to go back through
10
    and --
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             MS. O'MALLEY: That's fine.
12
             MS. HAMILTON: All right.
13
             THE COURT: I've got two more pages.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay.
14
15
             THE COURT: All right. All subject to the show-up
    issue, and then you have additional objections.
16
17
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah, and then if we could -- if we can
    go back, right back to 147, 12, let me go back through it
18
19
    should the show-up come in --
20
             THE COURT: Okay.
21
             MS. HAMILTON: -- sorry that is confusing, but --
22
             THE COURT: No, no, no. I'm tracking it.
             MS. HAMILTON: So 147, 12 to 147, 15, if the show-up
23
    is in, no objection.
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             THE COURT: Okay.
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             MS. HAMILTON: 147, 15, up to the word -- I'm sorry.
2
             Oh, beginning with the word and to line 20, we object
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    as hearsay. Plaintiff objects as -- with a -- makes a hearsay
4
    objection to that portion.
5
             THE COURT: Okay. Give me a moment.
6
             MS. HAMILTON: Sure.
7
             THE COURT: Okay. Defendants's response.
             So we're looking at 147, line 15 through 20.
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9
             MS. HAMILTON: Just beginning with the word and, your
    Honor.
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11
             THE COURT: Yes, thanks.
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             MS. PINKSTON: I mean, we understand the objection,
    your Honor. However it is not being offered for the truth of
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    the matter asserted, it is being offered for context. Because
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    if the show-up actually comes in, there needs to be some
    context as to why he's in the back of this car.
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17
             THE COURT: Response to that?
             MS. HAMILTON: I think that there is some context in
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    other places where he is talking about actions and not what
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    some unknown police officer is actually saying. And I would
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    actually submit that it is being offered for the truth of the
    matter asserted because the defendants are putting forth that
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    this show-up occurred, and we're saying that we don't think it
23
    did. So that's the plaintiffs's response.
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25
             THE COURT: And Mr. Thorton says the show-up occurred?
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1 MS. PINKSTON: Correct. 2 THE COURT: The person who is testifying to this. 3 MS. PINKSTON: Yes. 4 THE COURT: Okay. So for the record, the lines that 5 are objectionable, beyond just the show-up issue, and a female 6 officer actually says, she, and the female officer said that, 7 quote, would you like to come with us? We're going to put you in the back seat of our squad car, go around the block. 8 9 individuals are standing at the vehicle. We just want you to identify who threw the bottle. I said, okay, not a problem. 10 I'm going to overrule the objection. I don't think it 11 12 is being offered for the truth of the matter. 13 I do understand your objection, Ms. Hamilton, that it -- there is some semblance of it being offered for the truth 14 15 because it says a show-up occurred, but I think that issue will get swallowed into my ruling on whether the show-up comes in or 16 17 not to begin with. But I don't -- presuming that I think there is a 18 19 sufficient showing related to the show-up itself, I don't think 20 those lines are being offered for the truth of the matter over 21 your objection as noted. 22 MS. HAMILTON: Understood. Okay. So then 147, 21 to 148, 11, the plaintiff would 23 24 still like -- would like to be in, even if it -- which is

designated by the plaintiff anyways, I believe.

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             MS. DYMKAR: If the show-up is in then --
             MS. HAMILTON: Then the plaintiff wants that in.
2
3
    Which is already designated, I just want to make that clear.
4
             MS. O'MALLEY: Defendants don't object to that, your
5
    Honor.
6
             THE COURT: Okay.
7
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay? So then moving on to the next
    portion. It is 148, 12 to 148, 19.
8
9
             THE COURT: I'm sorry. Can I -- I just want to make
    sure I'm tracking it.
10
11
             MS. HAMILTON: Uh-huh.
12
             THE COURT: The 21 -- 147, 21, through 148, 11, you're
    saying if the show-up comes in, you want that in. If the show-
13
    up doesn't come in, you don't want that in.
14
15
             MS. HAMILTON: Correct.
             THE COURT: Okay. I'm tracking you. Go ahead.
16
17
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah. Right now I'm just going through
    the portions of the larger chunk that I gave you where if the
18
19
    show-up is coming in, these are our objections --
20
             THE COURT: Okay.
21
             MS. HAMILTON: -- and also non-objections to this
22
    portion.
23
             THE COURT: Okay. Got it.
24
             MS. HAMILTON: So then moving on. So 148, 12 to 148,
25
    19, even if the show-up comes in, plaintiff would register a
```

1 hearsay objection to this portion. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Give me a second. 3 MS. HAMILTON: Also duplicative. THE COURT: And based on my prior ruling, what is the 4 5 truth of the matter -- where in this statement do you think the truth of the matter is being offered? It is being offered for 6 7 the truth of the matter. MS. HAMILTON: I would just -- it is the same --8 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MS. HAMILTON: -- almost the same testimony as the 11 previous objection. I don't really see much different from it, 12 so I would just state the same objection as that I stated a 13 moment ago. THE COURT: Okay. So for the record, the question is 14 do you know these two officers, female, male, officers, saying 15 anything about having been on the 1300 block of North Menard? 16 17 They just simply said, don't worry, Answer: No. we're going to put you in the back of the squad car, and we're 18 19 going to drive past. And if you see anybody that matches the 20 description that you gave us, let us know, and that's exactly 21 what they did. 22 Again, I don't see it being offered for the truth of the matter. I do see why there is some semblance of that. 23 is relevant to being the truth of the matter as to the show-up 24 25 itself occurring, but presuming that I find it -- presuming I

```
1
    find past that issue, I don't think it does anything further
2
    than show that the show-up happened. Or Mr. -- I shouldn't say
3
    that. That Mr. Thorton says the show-up happened. So that's
4
    overruled with your objection noted.
5
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So then the next portion is 148,
6
    20 to 149, 12. And should the show-up come in, then there is
7
    no objection to that portion.
             THE COURT: Okay.
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: Then 149, 13 to 149, 15,
    plaintiff -- it is plaintiffs's designation, and plaintiff
10
11
    withdraws the designation. So we don't need that piece.
12
             THE COURT: Okay.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: That can come out.
             Sorry. Let me just make sure.
14
15
             THE COURT: So you want that out even if the show-up
    part comes in?
16
17
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
             THE COURT: Okay. Defendants have any objection to
18
19
    that coming out?
20
             MS. PINKSTON: No, your Honor.
21
             MS. O'MALLEY: No.
22
             THE COURT: Okay. So that will be out, 149, line 13
23
    through 15.
24
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. 149, line 16 through 150, line
25
    9, plaintiff would like to, even if the show-up comes in, lodge
```

an objection of relevancy. 1 2 Okay. Let me read it. THE COURT: MS. DYMKAR: And that has to do with your previous 3 4 ruling, your Honor, about where he was going, whether he was 5 going to a gas station or fire station or it didn't matter. 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 MS. DYMKAR: And so I think it is consistent with your previous ruling. 8 9 THE COURT: What's the city's response to relevance? 10 MS. PINKSTON: Well, your Honor, in terms of the -- it 11 is not the context or -- excuse me -- the purpose of this 12 specific statement here with regard to him saying that he was 13 going to a firehouse is because many of the officers on -- who are defendants in this case believed him to be a fireman. And 14 15 so the communication that he was going to the firehouse is relevant for those defendants who don't know his name but are 16 17 referring to the fireman witness. So it is not about where he was on his way to, it is about his identification as somehow 18 19 being associated with a firehouse. 20 THE COURT: Let me hear from you. 21 MS. HAMILTON: Yeah, in response to that, it seems 22 that -- I mean, I understand the defendants's argument. I am 23 not sure because I wasn't part of the -- when we started going through this transcript if that comes up someplace else. But 24

if we could -- we could just limit it to that. And it could

1 say, did you ever tell the lieutenant that you were a 2 firefighter? And the end of that first paragraph is, I was going to the firehouse, and I did tell her that. 3 4 But the rest of it I don't even think has anything to 5 do --6 THE COURT: All right. Yeah, I like that, that 7 compromise. So the first paragraph Mr. Thorton is saying -- there 8 9 is reference to saying, I was going to the firehouse, which, 10 again, he was not a firefighter, correct, he was in some type 11 of program. 12 MS. PINKSTON: He was a volunteer. 13 THE COURT: All right. But that would give the jury context. 14 And to the extent officers said they understood him to 15 be a firefighter, that also would give context to that 16 17 understanding. So the part where he says, I told her I wanted to go, I was going to the firehouse, I did tell her that, will 18 19 come in. 20 This next part then goes on, and at that point I was 21 very scared so she said to wait. 22 And then he talks about there is a scene outside and 23 they cleared it, and there is some question about what do you

mean by cleared what scene? That to me is not particularly

There is a danger of confusion here because whatever

24

25

relevant.

```
1
    that scene was, it may or may not have involved the plaintiffs.
2
    And it doesn't seem, unless there is some other part in here,
3
    it doesn't seem to get much clearer, and I think it would lead
4
    to jury confusion. So that will go out.
5
             So it is out on line 22 at page 149 through line 13 on
6
    page 150.
             MS. HAMILTON: So --
7
             THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry --
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: Line 10 you mean?
             THE COURT: Yeah, line 9. Page 150, line 9.
10
             MS. HAMILTON: Right.
11
             Okay. Given that ruling, your Honor, we do believe --
12
    I think, I just withdrew it -- but the prior, did you call the
13
    fire station to tell them you were coming? No, I was not. We
14
15
    think that that should -- I know I just told you to withdraw
    that, but since the fire -- that issue about the firefighter
16
17
    will be coming in, we think that that should come in as well,
             So it should go from 13 -- you know, did you call the
18
19
    fire station and tell them you were coming?
20
             Answer: No, I was not.
             Did you -- did you ever tell the lieutenant, the
21
    lieutenant that you were a firefighter?
22
             Answer: She asked me where I was going. I told her I
23
    wanted to go to -- I was going to the firehouse, and I did tell
24
25
    her that.
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1
             THE COURT: All right. That will come back in. So
2
    line -- page 149, line 13 through 15 just adds fuller context.
3
             So that's in without objection, I take it, from the
4
    defendants, correct?
5
             MS. PINKSTON: Correct.
6
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then the next line would be page
7
    150, line 10 through 150, line 21. And then if the show-up
    comes in, then the plaintiff has no objection to that portion.
8
9
             THE COURT: Okay.
10
             MS. DYMKAR: And line 22 is just -- that should never
11
    have been designated as something we wanted in. There was just
12
    some problems with the equipment.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: So plaintiff withdraws 150, line 22.
    It is actually Irene talking to the videographer, so --
14
15
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. PINKSTON: And we understand we're going to be
16
17
    removing the objections and that sort of thing as well,
    correct?
18
19
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah.
20
             THE COURT: Yeah.
21
             MS. PINKSTON: Okay.
22
             THE COURT: So just for the record, I don't think
23
    there is any objection to any of this. 150 line 22 through --
             MS. HAMILTON: Plaintiff withdraws.
24
25
             THE COURT: Yeah. You don't want that in, right?
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1
             MS. HAMILTON: Correct.
2
             THE COURT: Okay. Line -- so line 22 at 150 through
3
    151, line 5, there is all this stuff with the videographer.
4
             That -- if you can get that out, we'd like all that
5
    out.
6
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes, your Honor.
7
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then continuing with should the
    show-up come in, beginning line 51 -- 151, line 6 to 153, line
8
9
    19, no objection.
10
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then are you ready?
11
12
             THE COURT: Uh-huh.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: Then 153, line 20 to 154, 6, which I
    think brings us up to the chunk that we were talking about for
14
15
    the show-up, we would like to make a hearsay objection --
16
             THE COURT: Okay.
17
             MS. HAMILTON: -- in addition to the show-up.
             THE COURT: Okay.
18
19
             MS. PINKSTON: I'm sorry, what was that part?
20
             MS. HAMILTON: 153, 20 to 154, 6.
21
             THE COURT: Okay. So your objection is hearsay,
22
    correct?
23
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
             MS. DYMKAR: It is our alternate objection.
24
25
             THE COURT: Uh-huh. What's the city's response?
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1
             MS. PINKSTON: No objection. We can take that out.
2
             THE COURT: Okay.
3
             MS. HAMILTON: Are we ready?
4
             THE COURT: Yeah.
             MS. HAMILTON: So then beginning 154, line 7 to 155,
5
    line 9, it is agreed.
6
7
             THE COURT: That's all in?
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
8
9
             THE COURT: Great.
10
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then we have another chunk that
11
    is objected to because of the show-up. So that's 156, 4 to
12
    157, 23.
13
             THE COURT: And so your objection is to show-up?
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
14
15
             THE COURT: Okay.
16
             MS. HAMILTON: If we could do the same thing that we
17
    just did on the previous chunk --
18
             THE COURT: Yeah.
             MS. HAMILTON: -- we objected to, and this portion --
19
    chunk is not very professional, is it?
20
21
             THE COURT: It is apt. 157 through 23, correct?
22
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
23
             THE COURT: Okay. And do you have additional
    objections beyond the show-up?
24
25
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
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1
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: Let me just get to those.
2
3
             So if the show-up comes in, then from 156, 4 to 156,
4
    14, plaintiff withdraws her designations. So if this portion
5
    comes in, plaintiff withdraws the designations. You could just
6
    withdraw them either way I suppose.
7
             THE COURT: I'm not following that. So if it doesn't
    come in because of show-up, you don't want it in.
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: It is not -- right, exactly.
10
             THE COURT: I understand. Let me just make a note of
11
    that.
12
             Understood.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then 150 --
             THE COURT: I'm sorry. Before you move forward, does
14
15
    the city want this in? That was -- you didn't have that.
16
             MS. HAMILTON: 156, 4 to 14.
17
             MS. PINKSTON: Yeah.
             No, we don't have it, your Honor. Thank you.
18
19
             THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead, Ms. Hamilton.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. 156, 15 to 156, 22, should the
20
21
    show-up come in, plaintiff has no objection to that portion.
22
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. And then 156, 23 to 157, 7,
23
24
    plaintiff, in addition to the show-up objection, would lodge a
25
    hearsay objection.
```

1 THE COURT: Hearsay. Okay. Let me look. 2 MS. HAMILTON: And a relevance objection. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Let's start with your relevance 4 objection. I'm not tracking that one. 5 MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Well, so I guess maybe this is 6 kind of close to the show-up objection already, so I'm not sure 7 if I am just restating it. But because these are statements made -- that were made between him and these unknown police 8 9 officers who were never identified and not subject to any sort of cross examination, I'm not sure that it is relevant to the 10 11 case. So I think I maybe just stated the show-up objection 12 again. 13 THE COURT: Okay. MS. HAMILTON: Sorry. 14 THE COURT: All right. So you want to focus -- I'm 15 going to overrule the relevance objection because it summarizes 16 17 the statement he says to these two officers, albeit you can't identify them, who then repeated it to one of the defendant 18 officers. 19 20 Can I ask a quick question? On page 157, line 5, it 21 says, at that point they -- these were the two officers that have not been identified -- pulled up. They talked to one of 22 the officers there. 23 24 Are they talking about an officer at a deposition or 25 just there on the scene?

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MS. PINKSTON: In terms of what Keith Thorton knows?
1
2
             THE COURT: Yes.
3
             MS. PINKSTON: Keith Thorton doesn't know which
4
    officer that they spoke to.
5
             THE COURT: Okay. So the -- I think it is relevant.
    There -- it is officers conveying information about what
6
7
    Mr. Thorton just did, which was identify someone.
             MS. HAMILTON: Understood.
8
9
             THE COURT: -- there is relevance there. I understand
    the show-up objection, how that is linked there.
10
11
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay.
12
             THE COURT: Now let me look at it for hearsay.
13
             MS. DYMKAR: Your Honor, can I state further what you
    just read? That they told them exactly what I said.
                                                          There is
14
15
    abbreviation in some things that Keith Thorton said. So he
    said, they said exactly what I said, and we don't know what
16
17
    that is. And defense counsel could have questioned further
    during the deposition about, you know, what is it that got
18
19
    communicated from the man or woman officer in the car to
20
    anybody else, and they didn't.
21
             So exactly what I said, I think the Court has ruled
22
    previous in this deposition transcript that you can't have this
23
    telescoped. You know, whatever I said, that's what was told to
    them because that's not defined.
24
25
             THE COURT: I have done that in the past in this case
```

with this transcript where the answer was everything I just 1 2 told you is what I said or words to that effect. And that was 3 so ambiguous as to everything in the deposition. What does 4 that mean? 5 But in this context, here's a question and answer, 6 tell me exactly what you said. 7 Let me search farther back. This is on page 156, line 23. 8 9 Question: What, if anything, did you say to either of the two officers in the car? 10 11 Answer: I just told you that these -- I just told you 12 that three minutes ago, ma'am. Quote, that's the guy right 13 there, close quote. Ouestion: Tell me exactly what you said. 14 15 Answer: Quote, that's the quy right there in the red with the dreadlocks, dark skinned. That's him right there, 16 17 close quote. The answer continues. At that point they pulled up, 18 19 they talked to one of the officers there and said they told 20 them exactly what I said, and we left. 21 To me in context they told them exactly what I said is clear that he has just told -- said twice now, that's the guy 22

right there, that's the guy right there in the red with the

dreadlocks, dark skinned, that's him right there. Something

like that. That's how he normally communicates.

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So I agree with you I have said in the past in this transcript, you know, a general everything I just said isn't sufficient. But in context here I don't think there is any ambiguity as to the gist of what he was saying. You're right, defense counsel could have asked more questions and so could you have. So --MS. DYMKAR: The other --THE COURT: -- that I think we'll stay with. But let me focus on the hearsay next. Do you have something else before I get to hearsay? MS. DYMKAR: It might be the hearsay. THE COURT: Okay. MS. DYMKAR: But we don't know who he's talking to, and we don't know if it is any of the defendants. We had a large number of officers come out of the 15th District and were there. I mean, there are certain ones we have identified and were involved in this particular arrest. But who were the two officers in the car communicating to him whether it was one of the defendants or not --THE COURT: Yeah, that is -- I agree with that, Ms. Dymkar. What's the city's response to that? MS. PINKSTON: It is not being offered for the truth of the matter asserted that this is the person who threw the bottle. What it is is, and, again, the deposition citations

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for defendant Esquivel has been provided, along with -- I will provide the citations to the plaintiffs's deposition.

This is information that was absolutely communicated to at least one defendant officer that was relied upon in arresting David Wilbon.

So it goes, obviously, to defendants's state of mind.

MS. DYMKAR: This -- I don't think any of the defendants said that there was a man -- a male and a female officer who communicated anything to them about an identification.

I don't think you can identify -- there is nobody who said that this -- there is no defendant who said that this show-up, driveby show-up, occurred. Esquivel says he talked to Keith Thorton in a car, but that was down the street. wasn't -- and it said that it wasn't a communication between officers.

THE COURT: Okay. So we have got two levels of hearsay here. First of all, what Mr. Thorton says he said is hearsay.

MS. DYMKAR: Uh-huh.

It is being offered for the truth of the THE COURT: matter because it -- the only relevance to that is that he's identified the person in this context. Because it is true we don't know who was told this information. So simply because he's present in court or via deposition, he can't repeat an

out-of-court statement and use it for the truth of the matter.

Now if the testimony had been that he said that's the quy right there, and I told defendant Esquivel that that was the guy, then it would not be offered for the truth of the matter, it would be being offered for defendant Esquivel's state of mind, why did he arrest Mr. Wilbon.

MS. DYMKAR: Right.

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THE COURT: But that's not what we have here. So it is being offered for the truth of the matter there.

But there is a second level of hearsay because, as Ms. Dymkar says, then he says the two officers told some other officers he's picked out the guy.

Now I'm -- I will reconsider this if Esquivel says two officers -- or you can show me some other way where Esquivel or one of the defendant officers was saying, I heard this information from, you know, close enough, for judicial purposes, that it is -- I heard this information that Thorton picked out Mr. Wilbon from one of my fellow officers that meets this, this exchange, I'll reconsider.

But right now we have got hearsay. Mr. Wilbon -- I'm sorry -- Mr. Thorton saying to the officers, that's the guy. And then the officers saying to some other officers, not our defendant officers as the record stands now, that's the quy.

Those are two levels of hearsay. So the hearsay objection is going to be sustained.

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1
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So that was 156, 23 to 157, 7.
2
             THE COURT: Yes.
3
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So then 157, 8 to 157, 10.
4
    the show-up comes in, no objection.
5
             THE COURT: Okay.
6
             MS. HAMILTON: 157, 11 to 157, 16, we're making a
7
    hearsay objection again.
             THE COURT: Okay.
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: Line 11 through line 16 on 157.
10
             MS. O'MALLEY: We'll agree to that, your Honor.
11
             THE COURT: Okay. So that's out as hearsay.
12
             MS. HAMILTON: Then 157, 17 to 157, 23, should the
13
    show-up testimony come in, then there is no objection to that
    portion.
14
15
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. That should take care of that
16
17
    portion. The larger portion that I mentioned before, was all
    objected to because of show-up.
18
19
             Now moving on 157, 25 to 158, 8, is agreed.
20
             THE COURT: Okay. Let me ask counsel something now.
21
    So this editing, having done some of this in the past, is -- it
22
    is not as easy as just highlighting on a piece of paper. So
    I'm just looking, as an example, page 157, line 24, and it
23
    reads after you --
24
25
             MS. PINKSTON: Uh-huh.
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1
             THE COURT: -- strike that -- after you entered the
2
    police station.
3
             Obviously the substantive rulings I have made and we
4
    have argued, those are important. To me -- and I just want to
5
    get an agreement with the parties -- if in the editing process
6
    they are like we cannot get rid of this one -- these four words
7
    after you strike that after you entered the police station, I
    want to have an agreement with the parties no one is going to
8
9
    throw a fit or an objection if those kind of extraneous things
10
    from an editing standpoint just have to stay in.
11
             We're all good with that?
12
             MS. HAMILTON: We are good with that. Where it
    matters -- I'm actually -- where a line -- we believe a line
13
    needs to be broken up for some other objectionable reason, I'm
14
15
    noting that clearly --
             THE COURT: Okay.
16
17
             MS. HAMILTON: -- so --
             THE COURT: Okay. And, city, you're good with that?
18
19
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes.
20
             THE COURT: Okay. Continue, Ms. Hamilton.
21
             MS. HAMILTON: I think the next designation begins at
    159, 6.
22
23
             THE COURT: Yes.
                               Between --
             MS. HAMILTON: So 159, 6 to line 18. 159, 6 to 18,
24
    plaintiff is objecting because of the show-up. The same show-
25
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1
    up argument.
2
             If the show-up comes in, that's the only objection
    plaintiff has to that portion.
3
             THE COURT: Okay. Let me just read this real quick.
4
5
             MS. HAMILTON: Sure.
6
         (Brief interruption.)
7
             THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. I believe the next portion is --
8
9
    begins on 159, 22.
10
             THE COURT: Uh-huh.
11
             MS. HAMILTON: So 159, 22 to 160, 18, is agreed.
12
             THE COURT: Okay.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: And then 160, line 19 through 162, line
    7, plaintiff has the show -- objection based on the show-up
14
    argument. And --
15
16
             MS. O'MALLEY: I'm sorry, 162, what? Seven?
17
             THE COURT: Seven.
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes, sorry.
18
19
             So then -- once everybody is ready.
20
             THE COURT: Okay. Sorry.
21
             MS. HAMILTON: No problem.
22
             So then I'd like to take that portion and go through
23
    it --
24
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: -- and give you the plaintiffs's
25
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1
    objections and agreements should the show-up be admissible.
2
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So from page 160, line 19 to
3
4
    161, line 11, that is -- plaintiff has no objection if the
5
    show-up comes in.
6
             THE COURT: Okay.
7
             MS. HAMILTON: The next one is a little tricky.
    Sorry, Judge, I need to turn to it.
8
9
             THE COURT: Take your time.
10
             MS. HAMILTON: Sorry.
11
         (Brief interruption.)
12
             THE COURT: You can't have an objection to that though
13
    because it is a question.
14
             MS. HAMILTON: I think -- I think when we were reading
15
16
             THE COURT: Well, I shouldn't say that. It would be
17
    hard pressed to have an objection --
18
             MS. HAMILTON: I know.
19
             THE COURT: -- seeing the question.
20
             MS. HAMILTON: So when you look at the answer, it is
21
    -- clearly there is an answer of the -- there is a question at
22
    the end that is what's being answered. And so I guess
23
    plaintiffs's objection would be that it is extraneous.
                                                            It is
24
    not really what the witness is testifying to. It is a
25
    question, yes, but it is not actually what the testimony is
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1 being provided -- it is not testimony. 2 THE COURT: Okay. So you're objecting 161, 12 through 3 line 15. 4 MS. HAMILTON: 161, 12 through 14 through the word 5 red. 6 THE COURT: Red. 7 MS. HAMILTON: The question that the witness answers and the testimony provided is actually in response to the 8 9 question that begins at the end of line 14 with the word did. 10 Did the man or woman officer talk to any of the officers 11 outside the vehicle? 12 I'm quite sure they went outside. I was Answer: 13 inside so I do not know who they spoke to, if they spoke to anyone. 14 15 THE COURT: All right. The part you're objecting to is when you pulled up in front of the six or seven individuals 16 17 in handcuffs and you pointed out a person who was wearing -- in dreadlocks wearing red. 18 MS. HAMILTON: Right. 19 20 THE COURT: And then the question continues, did the 21 man or a woman officer talk to any of the officers outside the 22 vehicle? MS. HAMILTON: Right. If it doesn't make sense 23 24 without the first clause, when you pulled up in front of the 25 six or seven individuals in handcuffs, did the man or woman

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1
    officer talk to any officers outside the vehicle, I mean, just
2
    to orient the question, I don't know if the videographers can
3
    even do that, but we would like to make the request.
4
             THE COURT: All right. But I just -- before I even
5
    entertain it, this your question though, correct?
6
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes, sir.
7
             THE COURT: Okay. It is going to be overruled.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay.
8
9
             THE COURT: Just for the record, it is -- I don't see
    there is any jury confusion. And, generally speaking, there is
10
    -- you know, the -- the question itself, it is not an answer.
11
    If it misstates the record, so be it. No one objected to it,
12
13
    and it is your question, so --
             MS. HAMILTON: Understood, your Honor.
14
             THE COURT: I wouldn't be as cavalier if it were not
15
    your question, but that's how you framed it.
16
17
             MS. HAMILTON: Understood.
             And then 161, 20 to 162, 7, should the show-up come
18
19
    in, plaintiff would like to also lodge a hearsay objection to
20
    that portion.
21
             THE COURT: Okay.
22
             MS. DYMKAR: There is also a possible jury confusion
23
    and ambiguity there in his answer.
             THE COURT: In the same exchange?
24
25
             MS. DYMKAR: Pardon me?
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1
             THE COURT:
                         In the same exchange?
2
             MS. DYMKAR:
                          Yes.
3
             THE COURT: All right. Let me finish reading, and
4
    then I'll hear you out.
5
             MS. DYMKAR: Okay. Sorry.
6
         (Brief interruption.)
7
             THE COURT: All right. Ms. Dymkar, I cut you short.
    Tell me the jury confusion issue, and then we'll discuss
8
9
    hearsay.
10
             MS. DYMKAR: Okay. I believe the male passenger just
11
    gave a thumbs up is ambiguous. A thumbs up means yes, but yes
12
    to what. And it relates to like to what he is saying to the
13
    male and female officer, which we're saying shouldn't come in.
14
             So the thumbs up indication, it is a gesture, which is
15
    a communication. That's where the hearsay objection comes in.
16
             But it is also ambiguous and could confuse the jury.
17
             THE COURT: All right. I see that. Tell me -- what's
    the city's view on this?
18
19
             MS. PINKSTON: So I suppose we're operating under the
20
    context that the show-up is coming in, what this particular
21
    objection would be. I don't -- if the show-up is coming in,
22
    then I don't see how this is causing jury confusion.
23
             Oh, you're talking about hearsay, your Honor?
             THE COURT: Well --
24
25
             MS. PINKSTON: I would have to look at case law, to be
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I don't think this is hearsay. They were talking honest. about a gesture. It is not an out-of-court statement.

THE COURT: Actually there is pretty good case law that gestures can be -- let me get the rule. But I know there is case law on -- they looked at whether a dog indicating as a positive drug test is a communication, and there is case law. But I know within the -- within human communication -- let me pull the rule real quick.

MS. PINKSTON: I suppose -- I understand that gestures can be communication. But what is -- I think the issue is the drug --

THE COURT: Let me just stop you, just so the record is clear.

MS. HAMILTON: Sure.

THE COURT: Rule 801 statement. 801(a), statement means a person's oral assertion, written assertion or non-verbal conduct if the person intended it as an assertion. So I think it is well established that non-verbal conduct can still be a statement.

I interrupted you. So here's where -- here's where I am on this. So the jury confusion issue, I think Ms. Dymkar is correct, it is not clear what the non-verbal thumbs up gesture means because we don't know what was said to begin with. We don't know who is saying it. And it can mean a whole bunch of different things. It could mean, let's get coffee after this.

1 I have no idea. 2 And just so I'm clear on this, the male passenger who 3 gives a thumbs up, we don't know who that is, do we? 4 MS. PINKSTON: No, your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Okay. So it is not that one of the defendant officers will say, yeah, I remember this happening, 6 7 and I gave them a thumbs up. There is nothing like that. MS. PINKSTON: No, your Honor. 8 9 MS. DYMKAR: It is not clear who the male passenger is communicating to either. 10 11 THE COURT: Yeah, no, I think that those are all true, 12 and I -- I think there is a hearsay issue. But I'm more 13 concerned about how this is relevant because it -- I know there is a continuation of events, but there is communication in here 14 or evidence of communication that we don't know about. So like 15 to me there is jury confusion here and relevance. It is not 16 17 clear how this is, other than context. It is not clear to me how it is relevant, so I would sustain the objection. 18 19 MS. HAMILTON: So that's 161, 20 to 162, 7. 20 THE COURT: Correct. 21 MS. HAMILTON: Okay. 22 THE COURT: I'm not reaching the hearsay issue though. MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then I believe the next portion, 23 designation, begins 162, 9. That would be plaintiffs's 24 25 portion. And plaintiff would still like that to come in. So I

```
1
    don't know if the defendants have any objection.
2
             162, 9 to 24.
             THE COURT: And this will be the last chunk before
3
    Ms. Warren needs to take a break.
4
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. It is 187 pages long, so we're
5
6
    getting through it.
7
             THE COURT: Yeah.
             MS. PINKSTON: No objection from defendants.
8
9
             THE COURT: Okay. So one -- page 162, line 9 through
    24 is going to come in. Correct?
10
11
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
12
             THE COURT: All right.
13
         (Brief recess.)
             MS. PINKSTON: While we were waiting -- oh, the
14
    citations for David Wilbon, do you want it on the record?
15
16
             THE COURT: Sure.
             MS. PINKSTON: The citations to the David Wilbon
17
    deposition transcript where his testimony reveals that he also
18
19
    observed some type of show-up, page 62, line 21 through page
    67, line 11.
20
21
         (Discussion off the record.)
22
             THE COURT: Okay. Back on the record.
23
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Back on the record with the
    Thorton designations. I believe we were at 162, 25.
24
25
             THE COURT: Correct.
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1
             MS. HAMILTON: So from 162, 25 to 163, 10, plaintiff
2
    objects on relevance. And just to -- this is a portion where
3
    he's talking about basically sitting -- after he is sitting in
    the police station, and he's talking about stuff that doesn't
4
5
    really seem relevant.
6
             THE COURT: Okay. Let me read this.
7
         (Brief interruption.)
             THE COURT: What's the city's view on this?
8
9
             MS. PINKSTON: That's just what I was going to ask
    you, if you were going to withdraw after that.
10
11
             MS. O'MALLEY: Yes.
12
             MS. PINKSTON: So we'll agree to that, your Honor.
13
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. PINKSTON: With the understanding that it would be
14
    162, line 25 through --
15
16
             MS. HAMILTON: 164, 2.
17
             MS. PINKSTON: -- 164, 2, yeah.
             THE COURT: All that is out.
18
19
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes. Because plaintiffs did some --
    just so the record is clear, plaintiff is withdrawing
20
21
    his -- plaintiffs are withdrawing their designations from 163,
    line 11 to 164, line 2.
22
23
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then moving on. 164, I think
24
25
    the next designation begins at 21 --
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```
1
             MS. O'MALLEY: Correct.
2
             MS. HAMILTON: -- to 166, 5. There is no objection,
3
    so that --
4
             THE COURT: That's in?
5
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
6
             THE COURT: Great. Okay.
7
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. And then the next portion I
    believe is 166, 9. And so from 166, 9 to 167, 17, there is
8
9
    also no objection. So that's agreed.
10
             THE COURT: Okay.
11
             MS. HAMILTON: And -- are you ready, Judge?
12
             THE COURT: Uh-huh.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: I'm sorry.
             So then there is a -- sort of a little bit of a
14
15
    different kind of situation. The transcript at 166, 18 to 23,
    if you could look there.
16
17
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: So I have discussed this with defense
18
19
    counsel. There appears to be something incorrect in the
20
    transcript. And there is a video here. And so if you see
21
    where it says at line 19, it says, it names the Officer
    Kronovich, but there is no Kronovich. That was obviously
22
23
    Plovanich. And we think that the video actually says
    Plovanich.
24
             So I'd ask defense counsel if they would be willing to
25
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1
    stipulate and correct the transcript. And we're going to check
2
    the video and verify that it does says Plovanich. And if it
3
    does, I believe we're going to be in agreement about that.
4
             MS. O'MALLEY: That's correct.
5
             THE COURT: Okay.
6
             MS. HAMILTON: And so --
7
             THE COURT: And where -- and just so I'm clear, we're
    talking about the video coming in anyway, correct?
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: Uh-huh.
10
             THE COURT: Correct? We're just using the
11
    transcript --
12
             MS. HAMILTON: Right.
13
             THE COURT: -- to help us do that part.
             MS. PINKSTON: Right.
14
             MS. O'MALLEY: So our intention was we'll just watch
15
    that part of the video. I'm sure it says Plovanich. I just
16
17
    want to check it --
18
             THE COURT: Sure.
19
             MS. O'MALLEY: -- so we're okay.
20
             THE COURT: Okay.
21
             MS. O'MALLEY: It would make sense because the next
22
    one is Millan. So as long as it says that, then this obviously
23
    can come in.
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah.
24
25
             THE COURT: Okay. So, Ms. Hamilton, we're -- I
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```
1
    understand where we are, line 18 through where?
2
             MS. HAMILTON:
                            23.
3
             THE COURT: Okay.
4
             MS. HAMILTON: We think that --
5
             THE COURT: Subject to city confirming.
6
             MS. HAMILTON: Correct.
7
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: So then beginning on line -- we think
8
9
    the fact that we would like one -- line 18 to 23 ending with
10
    the word ma'am to come in with the corrected transcript, you
    know, should the transcript actually be used at trial for some
11
    purpose.
12
13
             And then plaintiff logs an objection on line 23, page
    166, beginning with the word I, going in to page 167, line 5,
14
15
    based on the show-up objection.
             MS. DYMKAR: There is a reference to the show-up, so
16
17
    if the show-up comes in, then that whole answer should come in.
             THE COURT: All right. And how far on 167 are you
18
19
    going on that?
20
             MS. HAMILTON: 167, 5.
21
             THE COURT: 5. Okay. So this is all show-up.
22
             MS. HAMILTON: And other than that objection with
    respect to the show-up, there is no other objection.
23
             THE COURT: Okay.
24
25
             MS. HAMILTON: Then 167, line 6 to 167, line 12, no
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objection.
1
2
             THE COURT: Okay.
3
             MS. HAMILTON: One -- stop me if I am going too fast.
4
             THE COURT: No.
5
             MS. HAMILTON: 167, 19 to 169, 4, no objection.
6
             THE COURT: And the city is in agreement, correct?
7
             MS. O'MALLEY: That's correct. This is what we worked
    out before today, your Honor.
8
9
             THE COURT: Okay. Perfect. I'll stop asking now.
    Unless I hear from you, I'll assume you have no objection as
10
11
    well.
12
             Okay.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: So I ended at 169, 4. And the next
    designation begins 169, 11 to 170, 23, no objection.
14
15
             THE COURT: Great. Okay.
16
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then beginning page 170, line 24
17
    to page 172, line 2, plaintiff would like to allege a couple of
    objections.
18
19
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: So first we'd make a hearsay objection
20
21
    to portions of it. We would also make a 403 prejudice, it is
22
    more prejudicial than probative objection.
23
             THE COURT: Okay.
24
             MS. HAMILTON: I'm sure you want to read it now.
25
             THE COURT: Yeah. Give me a second.
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1
         (Brief interruption.)
2
             THE COURT: And where does this stop?
3
             MS. HAMILTON: 172, 2.
4
             THE COURT: Okay.
5
             Okay. All right. I have read it. Tell me your
6
    objections.
             MS. HAMILTON: So we object to the conversation with
7
    the assistant State's Attorney as hearsay. And we also think
8
9
    there is portions of that conversation that they're prejudicial
10
    about how he was feeling and some other portions of it that we
11
    believe are -- they are just prejudicial, and they are not
12
    probative of anything, any claim or defense.
13
             THE COURT: All right. Let me hear from the city.
    How -- let's start with the probative issue, how does this meet
14
15
    401 to begin with?
16
             MS. O'MALLEY: Well, your Honor, we're actually in
17
    agreement with 170, 24 through 171, line 17, coming out.
18
             THE COURT: Okay.
19
             MS. O'MALLEY: Those are actually plaintiffs's --
20
             MS. HAMILTON: Oh.
21
             MS. O'MALLEY: -- designations.
22
             Our offering is 171, 18 through 20, where he
23
    identifies Mr. Wilbon to the ASA.
24
             MS. HAMILTON: I'm sorry, can you say again what
25l
    you're in agreement with?
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1
             MS. O'MALLEY: Yeah, absolutely.
2
             We're in agreement with 170, line 24 through 171, line
3
    17.
4
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay.
             MS. O'MALLEY: And then we offer line 171, line 18
5
6
    through 171, line 20.
7
             THE COURT: Okay. So, Ms. Hamilton, let's focus on
    171, lines 18 through 20.
8
9
             What's your objection there?
10
             MS. HAMILTON: Irene.
11
             MS. DYMKAR: Oh, it is a hearsay objection.
12
    There -- he's talking about talking to the State's Attorney and
13
    identifying David Wilbon. And then -- that's a hearsay
    discussion with him and a State's Attorney. And the State's
14
15
    Attorney is not going to recall that happening. And -- so, you
    know, all the conversations and all the testimony in court, all
16
17
    the happenings in court, we're saying are hearsay, in addition
    to, you know, what he ends up saying about being afraid and
18
19
    they're taunting and staring at me.
20
             THE COURT: Well, we're at 18 through 20.
21
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah, just 18 through 20.
22
             MS. DYMKAR: Okay.
             THE COURT: All right. So -- and whether or not the
23
    State's Attorney's Office remembers this statement being made,
24
25
    why isn't this hearsay or subject to an exemption?
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MS. PINKSTON: So I do recognize that in the context this is an out-of-court statement because he's saying if he was asked if he recognized David Wilbon. That's correct.

And who asked that? Whoever the gentleman was.

And you said that you recognized him as a person that threw the bottle. That is correct. I did identify him.

So in terms of the actual hearsay, the -- whether the action of identifying him, once again, in court goes to corroborating the identification on scene, which is essential to the malicious prosecution claim here.

It is not about, once again, whether David Wilbon is -- did in fact throw the bottle, but, rather, the fact that the identification occurred itself.

THE COURT: All right. Let me make sure I'm understanding this. No one is going to be questioned whether Mr. Thorton identified Mr. Wilbon as the person who threw the bottle, right? There is going to be no -- do you anticipate impeaching him? I mean, you know what his testimony is going to be. Do you anticipate impeaching him on the fact or is there something in here that impeaches him that he never made the initial identification?

I know you don't believe it. I know you don't trust it. But there is an exception of hearsay for a prior consistent statement to rebut recent fabrication. There is a couple other ways you can use it to rebut.

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But the -- if you're not doing that, this is hearsay. Even though he is in court, this is what Judge Kendall refers to as just because you're here you cannot -- doesn't mean you can say it. He is repeating an out-of-court statement here in the deposition, which would be his testimony at trial. And the -- the only relevance I'm hearing is that he identified the guy. We already know he's done that. He's going to say he did that, and it is going to come in for other reasons.

But here it is to the State's Attorney. I don't know -- unless it is being used to rebut a suggestion of recent fabrication or the rules have been expanded somewhat as to what other reasons you can do it, he's giving it to a third party whose state of mind is not relevant at all. So to me this is hearsay, unless I'm missing something.

MS. PINKSTON: I don't -- I don't think the ASA's state of mind is completely irrelevant, only to the extent that they have to prove with the malicious prosecution claim that the dismissal was indicative of innocence. So the fact that the State's Attorney is the one who dismissed the charges, the reason for dismissing the charges does go to the element of indicative of innocence.

THE COURT: Are you calling the State's Attorney?

MS. PINKSTON: I believe so.

MS. O'MALLEY: I think so.

MS. PINKSTON: Yeah.

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MS. DYMKAR: But we don't even know who Keith Thorton
is talking to. You said you recognized him as the person who
threw the bottles. So we don't even know who Keith Thorton
thinks he's talking to or he doesn't report who he's talking
to.
         He refers to the gentleman.
         MS. PINKSTON: But our purpose isn't that it is
necessarily being made to the State's Attorney, but rather that
it is -- it is supporting his prior identification of David
Wilbon.
         THE COURT: All right. On that basis I am going to
sustain the objection. It is hearsay.
         MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then I think we're at 172, 3.
And from 172, 3 until -- well, hold on.
         I have that right -- I'm sorry.
         THE COURT: I have got line 21, and he said, you don't
have to stay.
         MS. HAMILTON: So I believe Ms. O'Malley said that
they agreed. We had objected up until 172, 2. But they had
only agreed up until 17 -- we have only dealt up with to 171,
20.
         Am I correct?
         THE COURT: That's correct.
        MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So then that still leaves our
objection from 171, 21 to 172, 2.
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1
             THE COURT: And what's your objection there?
2
             But that's what you guys want in.
3
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. We just had it in one big chunk,
4
    so we'll --
5
             THE COURT: Am I missing this?
6
             MS. PINKSTON: No, it is the designation.
7
             THE COURT: Yeah.
             MS. HAMILTON: It is their designation.
8
9
             MS. O'MALLEY: We'll agree that it is withdrawn.
10
             THE COURT: Okay. So you -- all right.
11
             And that's through 172, 2, correct?
12
             MS. HAMILTON: Correct.
13
             THE COURT: Okay. So that's all out.
             Now we're on 172, 3.
14
15
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes. So 172, 3 to 173, 9, is mixed,
    both plaintiff and defendant designations. And plaintiff
16
17
    objects to this portion based on relevance and also for
    portions of it are hearsay.
18
19
             THE COURT: Okay. You have no objection to 172, line
20
    3 through line 10, correct?
21
             MS. HAMILTON: No, 172, line -- we do. We're
22
    withdrawing it. I just am putting it in one big -- we'll
    withdraw our designation from 173 -- '72, 3 to 172, 10,
23
    depending on how you rule on the plaintiff -- on the
24
25
    defendants's designations.
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1
             THE COURT: Oh, okay.
2
             MS. HAMILTON: I was putting it altogether --
3
             THE COURT: Got it. Understood.
4
             MS. HAMILTON: -- because ours is only proposed if
    theirs --
5
6
             THE COURT: Understood. Okay.
7
             So tell me your objections to there.
             MS. O'MALLEY: Okay. So this section we have a
8
9
    relevance objection and a hearsay objection for portions of it.
10
    You'll see -- you'll be able to tell which ones are the
11
    hearsay.
12
             THE COURT: Okay.
13
             MS. DYMKAR: And prejudice too. The taunting, staring
            They were taunting and staring at me.
14
    at me.
15
             THE COURT: How far does this go, 173?
             MS. HAMILTON: Nine.
16
17
             THE COURT: Okay.
             All right. Let's start with the relevance, prejudice
18
19
    objection. Let me hear from the city on this.
             MS. PINKSTON: In terms of relevance, it does go to
20
21
    the malicious prosecution claim in terms of why Mr. Thorton is
22
    asking to leave.
             THE COURT: And is the case dropped this day?
23
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes.
24
25
             THE COURT: Okay. And what does the assistant State's
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1
    Attorney say about Mr. Thorton being there and why -- how that
2
    relates to whatever the disposition was.
3
             MS. HAMILTON: I think the transcript says, doesn't
4
    it, that it says we have one witness here, but police officer
5
    is not here. I think that's all it says.
6
             MS. PINKSTON: That was my recollection as well, and I
7
    don't -- yeah, I believe that's what it says.
             THE COURT: Okay.
8
9
             MS. PINKSTON: On the transcript for the court
    hearing, yes.
10
             THE COURT: And is that going to be -- is that going
11
12
    to come into evidence?
13
             MS. PINKSTON: We are not offering it.
             THE COURT: Is the State's Attorney -- assistant
14
15
    State's Attorney going to -- has someone interviewed him? Is
    his recollection or her recollection consistent with that?
16
17
             MS. PINKSTON: I -- I don't -- yeah, I mean, my -- my
    recollection is that there is not a memory of this particular
18
19
    date.
20
             THE COURT: Okay.
21
             MS. HAMILTON: Judge, we may have to, perhaps, as past
22
    recollection recorded or --
             THE COURT: The transcript?
23
             MS. HAMILTON: Depending on what -- right.
24
25
    don't -- haven't decided yet because we actually
```

1 haven't -- nobody took the deposition of the State's Attorneys? 2 MS. PINKSTON: That's correct. 3 MS. DYMKAR: But we talked to them at the time when 4 depositions were taking place, and they had absolutely no recollection. 5 6 MS. PINKSTON: That was my recollection as well of 7 what happened. THE COURT: All right. Let's kind of just do this in 8 9 chunks, using your legal term. 10 Page 172, line 11 through line 24 is going to be out 11 based on 403. Here he's talking about -- Mr. Thorton is 12 talking about being taunting -- being taunted at and stared at 13 and he's uncomfortable being in the courtroom. And he's -- earlier in the testimony he -- it is not even clear who 14 they're -- who he's referring to. There is earlier testimony. 15 16 The question says, you said that that there were many 17 people there. Are you talking about David Wilbon's family 18 members? 19 I don't -- and the question continues. Or are you talking about other criminal defendants. 20 21 I have no idea who they were, but they were Answer: 22 definitely with him and his party. 23 And I don't know who they were because then he says, 24 they were taunting and staring at me. I think there is an 25 issue of jury confusion. And it is prejudicial because what

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Mr. Wilbon -- even if we presume to be Mr. Wilbon's family members, there is a danger the jury will think that Mr. Wilbon has done something wrong because his family members are doing something. So all that is out through line 24 on page 172. So I don't know if that addresses what the plaintiffs want in, but right now line 11, 172 is out. Now as to the malicious prosecution, the testimony 8 9 then continues. 10 Ouestion: And this is outside the courtroom? Answer: This was in the back of the courtroom, in the 11 12 courtroom. 13 Question: So he -- referring, presumably, to the State's Attorney said, after you said that, he said you could 14 15 leave. I said -- I asked him what am I doing here? 16 Answer: 17 I came here. I did what I had to do. Am I done here? He said yes, everything is fine, you can go. 18 19 Now to me there is the same issue of the jury 20 confusion because as Ms. Dymkar correctly points out, it is not even clear who he's talking to. 21 22 I don't understand the relevance. The relevance 23 offered by the city is it goes to malicious prosecution claim. But this doesn't change -- this really doesn't add to the 24 malicious -- malicious prosecution calculation. It doesn't 25

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1
    explain what the State's Attorney did or why they did it.
2
    don't see the relevance. It is a malicious prosecution claim.
3
             MS. PINKSTON: Yeah, based upon -- right.
4
             Based upon the testimony regarding his fear and
5
    asking -- and telling the who we presume to be the State's
6
    Attorney that he doesn't feel safe here, defendants would agree
7
    that that portion doesn't add anything.
             THE COURT: All right. So all that is going to be
8
9
    out.
10
             Now Ms. --
11
                            Yeah.
             MS. HAMILTON:
12
             THE COURT: Is line 21 on page 170 through 10, line 10
13
    on 172 now out?
14
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah. I think we're out now all the
15
    way up to 173, 10, which I know is not yet on your transcript,
    but a --
16
17
             THE COURT: All right. So now we're at 173, 10.
             MS. HAMILTON: So we apprised defense counsel of this,
18
19
    but I have the right to designate, though it is not previously
20
    designated and I apologize for that, line 37 -- 173, 10 through
21
    174, 1. I don't know if they have any objection. I let them
    know last night that we would be asking.
22
             THE COURT: Have you guys had time to think about this
23
    from the city?
24
25
             Take a second.
```

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1
             MS. O'MALLEY: I haven't looked at that this morning.
2
             THE COURT: Take a second. I'm going to -- I'm going
3
    to grab my phone.
4
         (Brief interruption.)
5
             THE COURT: Okay. Whenever you're ready.
6
             MS. O'MALLEY: Based on your prior rulings, your
7
    Honor, we don't believe that this is relevant.
         (Discussion off the record.)
8
9
             MS. O'MALLEY: And I should add, your Honor, we're
    also willing to withdraw 174, 2 through 12, based on the
10
11
    rulings that we talked about just a minute ago.
12
             THE COURT: Okay.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: So --
             THE COURT: Let me just --
14
15
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah.
             THE COURT: All right. Tell me why this is relevant.
16
17
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So the only -- we don't actually
    want the whole thing, but, unfortunately, the way that it
18
19
    is -- the answer comes out, what we want is one little piece
    right in the middle. It doesn't really make sense without the
20
21
    whole thing, so that's why we proposed it that way.
22
             THE COURT: Tell me.
             MS. HAMILTON: So the piece that we think is relevant
23
    is the fact that Mr. Thorton says the officers were there. And
24
    I think that there will be a defense that the reason the case
25
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was dismissed is because the officers weren't there, so that's
1
2
    the -- that's the relevancy.
3
             MS. PINKSTON: Do you want us to respond, your Honor?
4
             THE COURT: Sure.
5
             MS. PINKSTON: He doesn't identify what officers they
6
    are. We don't know if these are any defendant officers or if
7
    they're officers that are there for another case in the
    courtroom.
8
9
             THE COURT: Yeah, I'm -- I don't see the relevance of
10
    this.
             First of all, whether the officers were there or
11
12
    not -- well, strike that.
13
             Whether Mr. Thorton saw the officers there or not does
    not seem very probative. Why the State's Attorney or assistant
14
15
    State's Attorney chose to dismiss the case is the issue. If he
    says the officers weren't there, that's why I dismissed the
16
17
    case. And he was the wrong, but he's -- his reasoning was
    still he thought the officers weren't there. That's -- that is
18
19
    more relevant than an ambiguous reference to the officers were
20
    on the right side sitting on the benches, without more linking
21
    it to any of the 11 or so defendants we'd have.
22
             So I -- I don't -- I see there is a marginal probative
23
    value, but the potential jury confusion in other -- and general
    lack of relevance tells me this should stay out.
24
25
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Then if -- I think defendants
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just withdrew their 174, 2 through 12.
1
2
             THE COURT: Correct.
3
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes.
             MS. HAMILTON: So then plaintiff will withdraw 175, 5
4
5
    through 19.
6
             THE COURT: Okay.
7
             MS. HAMILTON: And also withdraw 176, 8 through 17.
             THE COURT: Okay.
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: And then the next portion of
    designation is 176, 18 to 177, 20.
10
11
             THE COURT: Okay.
12
             MS. HAMILTON: Plaintiff objects to that portion based
    on hearsay.
13
14
             THE COURT: Okay.
15
             MS. PINKSTON: Based on prior rulings, your Honor, we
    will he withdraw that, 176, line 18 through 177, line 20.
16
17
             THE COURT: All right.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. The next portion is -- begins
18
19
    178, 18 through 178, 22, no objection.
20
             THE COURT: Okay.
21
             MS. HAMILTON: Then beginning 178, 23 to 179, 11,
22
    plaintiff objects based on hearsay.
23
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. DYMKAR: And duplicative.
24
25
             MS. O'MALLEY: Could we just have one minute, your
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1
    Honor?
2
             THE COURT: Sure.
3
             Tell me when you're ready.
4
         (Brief interruption.)
5
             MS. PINKSTON: We're ready. I'm so sorry, your Honor.
             THE COURT: That's all right. So your objection is
6
7
    hearsay?
             MS. O'MALLEY: Yes, and also I think it is
8
9
    duplicative.
             THE COURT: All right. So let's talk about hearsay,
10
11
    and then we can deal with cumulative.
12
             MS. PINKSTON: About the hearsay objection, your
13
    Honor?
14
             THE COURT: Yes. Yes, please.
15
             MS. PINKSTON: Okay.
16
             THE COURT: Is -- let me you ask this, is the lady
17
    lieutenant --
             MS. PINKSTON: A defendant, yes.
18
19
             THE COURT. Okay. Go ahead.
             MS. PINKSTON: So this is absolutely going to -- this
20
    information was communicated to a defendant officer. So it is
21
22
    being offered to afford the officer's state of mind in terms of
23
    the information that she received and then acted upon.
24
             THE COURT: All right. So let me just stop you there.
25
             What's your response to that for state of mind for
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1
    hearsay?
2
             MS. DYMKAR: She doesn't report that that's what was
3
    said to her. McDermott.
4
             THE COURT: What does Lieutenant McDermott say?
5
             MS. PINKSTON: So essentially what we're coming down
6
    to in terms of the argument that's going to be made is that
7
    Lieutenant McDermott testified at her deposition nearly four
    years later that, generally speaking, this is what he
8
9
    communicated to her.
10
             So the situation in terms of these particular details,
11
    that is not in her deposition transcript. She says, I don't
12
    remember the details. I remember that he pointed out the SUV.
13
    These -- this is the group of people. He followed them here.
14
             So I believe that's what Ms. Dymkar is getting to in
15
    terms of Lieutenant McDermott not testifying to these exact
    details.
16
17
             THE COURT: Is that what you're getting at,
    Ms. Dymkar?
18
19
             MS. DYMKAR: It is, your Honor. Unfortunately I don't
20
    have McDermott's testimony here.
21
             THE COURT: That's all right. I do. Give me a
22
    moment. Let me see what I can find.
         (Brief interruption.)
23
             THE COURT: All right. This is just the first
24
    reference in Officer -- Lieutenant McDermott's testimony.
25
                                                               This
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is on page 99 of her deposition.

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Question: At that time when you learned that there was -- there were people outside, there was an incident outside the 15th District of the police station, at that time did you speak to the private citizen who is alleging that he saw what happened on the 1300 block of North Menard?

I don't know specifically at that time what time you're referring to. But I did speak to the witness who -- that said he observed the offenders that were charged in this case or I approved probable cause or did the TRRs for, that he observed them do those acts, enter that car, follow them, and never lost sight of them, and that these were the same offenders that were right there present on the scene.

Question: Where did this conversation take place? Answer: I don't recall specifically, but I do recall speaking to him in the lobby of the 15th District."

So that's just my first reference to lobby. I know there is lobbies -- it goes on from there.

MS. PINKSTON: So, your Honor, I will represent that it doesn't get much more detailed than that. So we're essentially at that same dispute between the parties that she doesn't have a good recollection of this. He obviously does with the time period. And so that's why it is -- it obviously goes to her state of mind.

Once we get into the OEMC transcript, it is -- she

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also calls over the radio, so it is clear that she is speaking with this individual. And so in terms of explaining her state of mind, this testimony is absolutely relevant as to that.

THE COURT: So just from a hearsay standpoint, Ms. Dymkar, is it your position that for something to be admissible as a state of mind exception, it needs to track exactly what the witness whose state of mind is impacted by the statement recalls? So the declarant, as well as the person who heard it, have to be in complete sync for it to be admissible?

MS. DYMKAR: I wouldn't say in those absolute terms.

THE COURT: Because it seems Lieutenant McDermott is saying she had a conversation that generally conveys this information, so I'm trying to understand the hearsay objection.

It is that this is more detailed than her MS. DYMKAR: general recollection was. I'm not saying it has to track it exactly, but she was very -- she was very vague throughout her testimony as to what she was told. She didn't take a statement. She doesn't know what she was told.

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to overrule the objection on hearsay grounds. I think there is also an objection as being cumulative, but I don't -- I'm going to overrule it on cumulative grounds as well. I don't think there has been that much testimony on this point, especially as to Lieutenant McDermott.

So that will be in. Line -- page 178, line 23,

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1
    through 179, line 11, is in.
2
             MS. HAMILTON: Did you say 179, line 11? Okay.
    That's where we are?
3
4
             THE COURT: Yes.
5
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So then 179, 12 to 179, 20,
    plaintiffs would like still -- would like to be in. I don't
6
7
    know if defendants have an objection or not.
             MS. PINKSTON: No objection.
8
9
             THE COURT: Okay. That should come in.
10
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. Unfortunately, the next
11
    designation is going to break a line up. So 180, line 6 to
12
    line 9, up to the word time, no objection.
13
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. O'MALLEY: Before that, your Honor, I think we
14
    need to include 180, line 3 through 5, because it is going to
15
    switch over to Ms. Pinkston at this point. So just for jury
16
17
    confusion.
             THE COURT: Yeah. You guys have no objection,
18
19
    correct?
20
             MS. O'MALLEY: We just didn't designate it, sorry.
21
             THE COURT: Okay.
22
             MS. HAMILTON: No objection.
23
             THE COURT: All right. So then continuing,
24
    Ms. Hamilton, you're saying through time, on line 9, is coming
25
    in?
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1
             MS. HAMILTON: Right.
2
             THE COURT: Okay.
3
             MS. HAMILTON: And then beginning on that page on line
    9, the word I, through line 12. Plaintiff objects based on
4
5
    prior hearings -- prior rulings of your Honor, hearsay, and
6
    relevance.
7
             THE COURT: Through where, Ms. Hamilton?
             MS. HAMILTON: Through line 12 on the same page.
8
9
             THE COURT: Okay.
10
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes, your Honor, based upon prior
11
    rulings we would agree to that.
12
             THE COURT: Okay. So that's out.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: So the videographer is going to have to
    break up that line 9 after the word time.
14
15
             MS. PINKSTON: Uh-huh.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay.
16
17
             THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry?
             MS. HAMILTON: No. So page 180, line 13 through line
18
19
    24, plaintiff withdraws -- plaintiffs withdraw their
    designation.
20
21
             THE COURT: Okay. So that's out.
             Okay.
22
             MS. HAMILTON: Then line -- page 180, line 25 through
23
    118, 3, plaintiff objects based on prior rulings and hearsay.
24
25
             MS. PINKSTON: Your Honor, I would say -- I'm sorry,
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1
    do you want us to respond?
2
             THE COURT: Sure.
3
             MS. PINKSTON: I think this is going to be relevant to
4
    the anticipated arguments regarding the missing audio.
5
             THE COURT: Okay. Let's deal with lines 4 through 7
6
    on page 181. That question is. "Did you see officers with
7
    their guns drawn?
             Answer: No, ma'am, not at all."
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: We didn't get to that yet.
10
             THE COURT: Oh.
             MS. HAMILTON: Plaintiff has no objection to that
11
    piece.
12
13
             THE COURT: Okay. So that's coming in. Thanks.
             All right. So you're just focusing on the 911 call.
14
15
             MS. HAMILTON: 180, 25 to 181, 3.
             THE COURT: Okay.
16
17
             MS. DYMKAR: Your Honor, we did take the testimony of
    Jill --
18
19
             THE COURT:
                         That's right. Tell me why him being a
20
    non -- asking to be anonymous has to do with being able to find
21
    the 911 call?
22
             MS. O'MALLEY: Because that -- the OEMC individual, at
    Ms. Maderak's deposition, she was asked about anonymous calls.
23
24
    And she said that one of the reasons -- she did speak to
25
    whether a call would be marked anonymous.
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THE COURT: But there is no call found, correct?
        MS. O'MALLEY: Right. So it would not have been -- so
we asked about preservation as to whether it would have been
collected when they did their search, and she spoke to
anonymous calls on that issue.
         THE COURT: And what does she say?
         MS. O'MALLEY: I thought she said that if a call was
marked anonymous, they would not be able to search the number
that it came from.
         I apologize, I can't recall it as I here sit here
right now.
         MS. PINKSTON: I was not at the deposition, but my
recollection was that it -- it was highly relevant as to the
individual dispatcher who took that call as to what information
would have been put in and then how it would have been
searchable.
         THE COURT: All right. Let me ask you this. Hold on.
My understanding was that there was a thorough search, not just
for Mr. Thorton's name or Mr. Thorton's number, but that you
have searched, electronically speaking, high and low to find
this 911 call, or is that not true? I don't -- I don't know.
         MS. O'MALLEY: That is true.
         MS. PINKSTON: No, this is true, your Honor.
         THE COURT: Okay.
        MS. PINKSTON: I think we're dealing now with certain
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1
    issues as far as what the retention would be based upon it
2
    being marked anonymous.
             THE COURT: That's fair. But -- and that's what I am
3
4
    trying to get to. Does the -- is one of the city's
5
    explanations that in our search high and low, we may not have
6
    been able to search everything because we didn't retain the
7
    right stuff?
8
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes.
9
             THE COURT: Ms. Dymkar, what's your --
10
             MS. DYMKAR: Yeah.
11
             THE COURT: That's what I am trying to figure out.
12
             MS. DYMKAR: The reason why we took the deposition
13
    from Jill Maderak is that every time there is a 911 call, there
    is an event number given.
14
15
             THE COURT: Yes.
16
             MS. DYMKAR: If you don't keep the audio, you at least
17
    have the event number and you have the text of what was said.
    And this was definitely -- would have been related to this
18
    incident.
19
             There is no 911 call, and there is -- and there are
20
21
    ways that it could have been traced.
22
             THE COURT: Well, we better be careful. There is no
23
    recording of a 911 call. Because Mr. Thorton continues to
24
    persist that he made a 911 call.
25
             MS. DYMKAR: Jill Maderak confirmed in her deposition
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1
    that there -- that there would have been some trace of it,
2
    either have the audio -- you have the audio. You have an event
3
    number. You have the -- the text. That's not destroyed.
4
             THE COURT: Okay.
5
             MS. DYMKAR: Now if the --
6
             THE COURT: Do you agree with that, from the city's
7
    perspective?
             MS. PINKSTON: In terms --
8
9
             MS. O'MALLEY: With respect to her deposition, no.
    What she did say was that that call would have to be linked to
10
11
    that event number.
12
             So, for example, if there is a 911 call that comes in
13
    complaining about an event that's occurring on Menard, unless
    the 911 call taker linked that 911 call to the event number at
14
    Menard, it would not have been related.
15
16
             THE COURT: What would have been retained? Would the
17
    notes -- are the notes of every 911 call retained?
             MS. O'MALLEY: Yes.
18
19
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes.
20
             MS. O'MALLEY: Event queries are retained for four
21
    years.
22
             THE COURT: Okay.
23
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes. And they can -- and just to add
    to this, just from previous experience, with Jill and these
24
    cases, they can still -- it is not uncommon at all to be
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given -- if there is an incident where lots of different people
are calling and some of them are remaining anonymous, if there
is a shooting, for example, you could get ten different events.
Some of them never even linked, but they are able to by the
time and the approx- -- the location -- the approximate
location, they're able to search and bring -- give you all
the -- all the event queries, whether or not they're
ever -- there is actually a term for it, whether they're
linked, which is the word we're using here. There is another
word that they use at OEMC -- with the main event query that
ends up being the main event query for the incident. So --
        MS. DYMKAR: You know, there is an event number given
to every 911 call. When they can trace it to a particular
event, then they do a cross reference.
         MS. HAMILTON: That's the --
     (Laughter.)
                     Yeah. So the main event number would be
         MS. DYMKAR:
cross referenced with this other event number. But -- but the
event number for the 911 call would still continue.
         So like you'll have these mini event queries or
these event reports from event queries of 911 calls. Some of
them may be linked, and some of them may not be linked.
                                                         But
they still -- they still exist.
         And if the Court recalls, there was a disclosure by
defense counsel late in the game.
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MS. HAMILTON: I recall.

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MS. DYMKAR: And that was the anonymous 911 calls that they said that Ms. Jenea (phonetic), I think from OEMC, had kept those back because she, for some reason, thought the city didn't want them or whatever. But that came in late.

But we got those anonymous phone calls. And no one -- no one is proposing that we use any of them.

But they don't just appear. They're trackable and traceable, and there is some -- there is some evidence of the call, whether it is the full audio and event number and event -- the text or not. But it is -- you know, she said that every -- every call that comes in there is an event number given to, and --

THE COURT: All right. I have heard enough, the -- I'm going to keep this out for a couple different reasons. First and primarily, the only -- the only relevance I have heard is that there is a possibility that this phone call was anonymous and, therefore, it may explain why the phone call has not been found. It doesn't sound like anyone is saying that the phone call would not have been retained. It is an issue of finding the right phone call.

But there is two maybes here that make me think it -under 403 it does not have sufficient probative value to get in.

The first maybe is that the phone call was anonymous.

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1
    The deponent, Mr. Thorton, says, I probably said anonymous, not
2
    -- that he says he definitely did.
3
             And the second maybe is that maybe because it was
    anonymous, it cannot be -- is readily linked. But that's not
4
5
    even clear based on what I am hearing here. And I don't hear
6
    the city objecting to factual recitations being made about the
7
    tracking of the phone calls.
             So those two probablys and maybes make it distantly
8
9
    relevant and would seem to me to create more jury confusion
10
    than clarity, so I'm keeping it out.
11
             MS. HAMILTON: So that's 180, 25 through 181, 3.
12
             THE COURT: Correct.
13
             MS. HAMILTON: So then no objection to 181, 4 through
    7.
14
             And then if I can just ask Irene.
15
         (Discussion off the record.)
16
17
             MS. HAMILTON: Then 118, 8 through 183, 17, is
    plaintiffs's designation, I believe. And I don't know if the
18
19
    city had any objection to it.
20
             MS. O'MALLEY: Yes.
21
             THE COURT: Okay. Let me hear from you, Ms. O'Malley.
22
             MS. O'MALLEY: This is a section where there was an
23
    affidavit drafted for this deposition as to why Keith Thorton
24
    was unavailable to come to Chicago for his deposition. And
25
    this is Ms. Pinkston going through and following up on
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questions that were asked by Ms. Dymkar that are not included
    in the marked transcripts for the trial about who drafted that
    affidavit, what assistance was given, what questions he had
    about the affidavit.
             There is an inference that counsel is -- in the
    questioning from Ms. Dymkar that are not included in this
    transcript. There is an inference that defense counsel did
    something wrong in trying to communicate with Mr. Thorton to
    organize his deposition. So it is not relevant at all to his
    trial testimony.
             MS. HAMILTON: And, Judge, just to respond, so
    the -- I quess the important piece of information here is that
    Mr. Thorton very clearly at first says that he is the one that
    typed up the affidavit, which forces --
             THE COURT: Can I just stop you there?
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah.
             THE COURT: So I know -- I remember looking at this
    earlier.
18
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah.
             THE COURT: Is this in? Is that portion in?
             MS. DYMKAR: Yeah, I believe it is.
             THE COURT:
                         Okay.
                          I think the Court ruled -- I think you
             MS. DYMKAR:
    ruled that that was because of bias.
             THE COURT:
                         Okay. So -- and I just want to
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1
    understand, so from -- that's coming in -- you're trying to
    show bias based on the affidavit.
2
3
             And then even though this is the city's questioning,
4
    the plaintiff wants this in.
5
             MS. HAMILTON: So --
6
             THE COURT: Go ahead.
7
             MS. HAMILTON: Right.
             THE COURT: So I just want to understand this.
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: Because I'm on page 39 --
10
             THE COURT: Okay.
11
             MS. HAMILTON: -- line 14. And I believe this is in.
    It -- he is clearly asked -- I'm talking about the affidavit.
12
    The affidavit is in front of him. It is an exhibit to the
13
    dep -- to the deposition. And he's asked very clearly: "Did
14
15
    you type up this affidavit?
             "Answer: That is correct.
16
17
             "You typed it up?
             "That is correct."
18
19
             So he's asked twice, and he says twice that he's the
20
    one that typed it up. Which forces Ms. Pinkston and Ms. Dymkar
21
    to ask follow-up questions later, which is what we're talking
22
    about now.
             Ms. Pinkston actually has to correct him because she
23
    knows that that's actually not true, so -- and so then she has
24
25
    to ask questions to clear it up later because he actually
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1
    didn't type it up.
2
             So it is a point of impeachment.
3
             THE COURT:
                         I understand that.
4
             MS. HAMILTON: Yeah.
5
         (Brief interruption.)
6
             MS. O'MALLEY: Your Honor, I apologize, I was wrong.
7
    I had it marked that it was not coming in.
             I guess to the extent that it was allowed, the section
8
9
    where Ms. Dymkar was questioning, it was allowed in then.
                                                                This
10
    section should come in.
11
             THE COURT: All right. It makes -- yeah, it makes
12
    sense to me. I know Ms. Dymkar has spent a lot of effort
13
    trying to impeach this witness on things that I don't think are
    relevant. But his statement under oath as to a fact related to
14
15
    this litigation, that sort of turns out not to be true, I
    think, is fair impeachment.
16
17
             As I understand the context of where we are now,
    Ms. Pinkston tried to clean that up in the deposition, as we
18
19
    say, in legal lay person's term. But clean up from the
    plaintiffs's standpoint you think is further -- further helps
20
21
    impeach him, I suppose. Is that what you're getting to?
22
             MS. HAMILTON: Well, at least it was -- yes. I mean,
23
    because later on there is section where Ms. Dymkar also asks
    about this, but this is -- happens to be Ms. Pinkston asking
24
25
    questions because she had to --
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1
             THE COURT: Okay.
2
             MS. HAMILTON: -- fix something so it wasn't perjury
3
    essentially.
4
             THE COURT: What are the -- what are the city's
5
    objections now that we know that the first part is coming in?
6
    I just want -- I want you to be able to clearly make your
7
    record and make sure I'm not missing something.
         (Brief interruption.)
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: Just one second, Judge.
10
             THE COURT: Okay.
11
         (Discussion off the record.)
12
             MS. O'MALLEY: So from 181, 8 through 182, 16, based
13
    on the fact that the prior testimony is coming in, then we
    don't have an objection to this.
14
             THE COURT: All right. You persist on your objection
15
    to the original stuff coming in, and you're are just not
16
17
    objecting based on that ruling, right?
18
             MS. O'MALLEY: Correct.
19
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. And then --
20
21
             THE COURT: Isn't that -- we're up through 182, 17?
22
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes, sir. So plaintiff withdraws --
23
    plaintiffs withdraw their designation from 182, 17 to 183, 17.
             THE COURT: Okay. So you don't want that in.
24
25
             MS. HAMILTON: Correct.
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1
             THE COURT: Okay. 182, 17 is out through 183 -- what
2
    line.
3
             MS. HAMILTON: 17.
4
             THE COURT: Okay.
5
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
6
             THE COURT: Those are all out.
7
             MS. HAMILTON: So are we ready?
8
             THE COURT: I am.
                                Thank you.
9
             MS. HAMILTON: 184, 10 to 184, 23, plaintiff
10
    withdraws -- plaintiffs withdraw that designation.
11
             MS. O'MALLEY: What about 183, 18?
12
             MS. DYMKAR: 183, 18.
13
             You skipped that.
14
             MS. HAMILTON: Oh.
         (Discussion off the record.)
15l
             MS. HAMILTON: Plaintiff would like to keep their
16
17
    designation from -- Irene, help me out.
18
             THE COURT: 183, 18.
19
             MS. DYMKAR: 183, 18 to 184, 2.
             MS. PINKSTON: Our only objection is that it is
20
21
    duplicative.
             MS. DYMKAR: This is the issue of whether there are
22
23
    four people in the car, three people in the car.
             MS. PINKSTON: Well, he testified earlier that it was
24
    four.
25
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1
             MS. DYMKAR: And that was Ms. Pinkston's question:
2
    Are you sure about the number in the car?
3
             And he said, yeah, it is four.
             THE COURT: Does he ever tell -- it is already coming
4
5
    in if he says there were four, correct?
6
             MS. DYMKAR: Right.
7
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes.
             MS. DYMKAR: And this was one attempt to get him to
8
9
    withdraw the four, and he's very firm that there were four.
10
             And this is, you know, one, of the -- we're going to
11
    say he has the wrong color of the car, he has got the wrong
12
    people in the car -- in the SUV.
             THE COURT: And does he tell the officers there were
13
    four people in the car.
14
             MS. PINKSTON: I don't believe there is any testimony
15
    to that.
16
17
             MS. DYMKAR: He points to the -- I am not sure. I
    mean, I would have to research that.
18
19
             THE COURT: Okay. I'm just going to keep this out as
20
    being cumulative. If it is coming in once already, you'll be
21
    able to make that argument.
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. I think that brings us to 184,
22
         So 184, 10 to 184, 23, plaintiff withdraws -- plaintiffs
23
    withdraw their designation.
24
25
             THE COURT: Okay.
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MS. HAMILTON: And then -- we object to 184, 24
through 185, 6. And it is a little bit of a strange bit of
testimony because it is essentially Irene talking about a
private -- Mrs. Dymkar having a -- asking questions about a
prior telephone conversation that she had with Mr. Thorton.
And, frankly, the answers are, both to questions that begin
with, do you recall, not did you tell me this? So I'm not sure
how probative that portion of the transcript is since the
answer is, it is ambiguous. It could mean that he doesn't
recall, and it would mean that he didn't say it, so --
         There is another portion of the transcript, your
Honor, that we talked about last time here where it is -- that
is coming, page 116, line 13 through 17, where it is very clear
-- the question is asked a lot more clearly, was it a dark
colored SUV? And he says, yes.
         So it is also duplicative. And given the way it is
asked, I think that's a conversation with Ms. Dymkar that's
being questioned about, and we think it should just be out.
                                                             Ιt
is confusing.
         THE COURT:
                    116 where?
         MS. HAMILTON: Lines 13 through 17.
         THE COURT: From the city's perspective, why do you
think -- why -- what's your response to the objection to the
ambiguity? It is cumulative in the same way ---
        MS. PINKSTON: Well --
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MS. O'MALLEY: They're not using it to attack his credibility, so this is just -- it shows that he -- he doesn't remember having a conversation. He doesn't remember the color. At one point in his testimony he says that it is -- it is dark. And then at another point he says he can't really recall what color it was. So I think that part already comes in. This just also -- go ahead. MS. PINKSTON: It is not -- it is not cumulative for that purpose, because he gave two different answers as to the color of the vehicle during the deposition testimony. One was leading; one was not. And this is confirming that he does not, as he sits there today, remember what color the car was. And in terms of any objection as to -- or, I'm sorry, did you only want to speak as to the ambiguity? THE COURT: No, no. Go ahead. MS. PINKSTON: I don't think it is ambiguous because the answer -- while the question does say, do you recall telling me? The answer is very clear. THE COURT: That's true. MS. PINKSTON: I don't recall the color, ma'am. So there is no ambiguity as to what he's speaking of. And with regard to any objection as to this witness having spoken prior to the deposition with plaintiffs's counsel, I think that's obviously relevant since they are going to be making a bias argument that he was communicating with

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defense counsel.
1
2
             It is both -- both attorneys on the side have
3
    communicated with this witness prior to the deposition
4
    testimony.
5
             THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to let in 184, line 24
    through 185, line 2.
6
7
             "Question: Do you recall telling me on May 4, 2013,
    that it was a dark color SUV, but you don't know exactly what
8
9
    the color was?
10
             "Answer: I don't recall the color, ma'am."
11
             MS. DYMKAR: Your Honor --
12
             THE COURT: Hold on. Let me make my record.
13
             MS. DYMKAR: I'm sorry. I thought you were done.
             THE COURT:
                         That's fine. So that's going to come in
14
15
    because I think Ms. Pinkston is correct, the question is not --
    well, it begins in kind of an awkward way. But the answer is
16
17
    clear, he's saying he doesn't recall the color of the car. And
    it does incorporate that this particular witness spoke with
18
19
    both counsel in advance of his testimony.
20
             I'm going to keep out the next question and answer,
21
    which is on page 185, line 3 through 6.
22
             "Question: Do you recall telling me on May 4, 2013,
23
    that you did not know the color, but that it was that a dark
    color?
24
25
             "Answer: No, no."
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That answer is ambiguous as to whether he recalls
telling Ms. Dymkar that, whether he recalls telling her on May
4th that, and whether he recalls the color. I have no idea
what he means when he says, no, no. That's going to come out.
        Ms. Dymkar, I interrupted you, and I apologize. What
were you going to say that?
         MS. DYMKAR: Could I have just one second to --
         THE COURT: Okay.
         MS. DYMKAR: -- confer with Ms. Hamilton?
     (Discussion off the record.)
         MS. DYMKAR: Your Honor, I'm just trying to understand
your ruling or the reason for the ruling on 185, 3 through 6.
Is it because the -- I'm referring to the conversation he had
with me or --
         THE COURT: That's part of the problem. And the
answer is ambiguous. He's saying, there are one, two -- I'm
counting -- counting at least three, possibly four facts in
this one question. Do you recall telling me, that's one fact;
on May 4, 2013, second fact; that you did not know the color,
third fact; but that it was a dark color, fourth fact.
         Answer:
                 No, no.
         MS. DYMKAR: I understand the Court's ruling.
         THE COURT: Okay.
     (Discussion off the record.)
        MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So plaintiff then withdraws
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plaintiffs's -- I'm sorry I keep doing that -- withdraw their
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2
    designation of 185, 15 through -- I'm sorry, line 14 beginning
    at the end of the line, through line 21.
3
4
             THE COURT: Okay. That will be out.
5
             MS. HAMILTON: And then beginning on the next line,
6
    which is 185, 22 through 187, 7, this is, again, the affidavit
7
    issue, whether he typed it or not. Plaintiff wants that in.
             MS. O'MALLEY: No objection.
8
9
             MS. PINKSTON: No objection based upon your prior
    ruling.
10
11
             THE COURT: Okay. Where do we go from there?
12
             MS. HAMILTON: Okay. So we're on the last designation
    is 187, 15 through line 23. And plaintiff makes an objection
13
    based on the fact that it is cumulative.
14
15
             THE COURT: What's the city's response?
             MS. PINKSTON: It is not cumulative. I believe this
16
17
    is the very first time that he's asked this pointed question
    whether he is certain as he sits there today that it is the
18
19
    same SUV.
20
             MS. DYMKAR: Also I believe that two -- both vehicles
21
    with the -- with the plaintiffs and with their friends were
22
    both SUVs, I believe.
             THE COURT: I don't understand that, what you are
23
    saying there.
24
25
             MS. DYMKAR: He's saying is it the same SUV that was
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in front of the 15th District police station. There were two
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2
    SUVs in front of the police station.
3
             THE COURT: Okay. I'll overrule the objection as to
4
    -- as far as cumulative goes.
5
             We're done. It only took us three hearings, I think.
6
    Four? Who is counting.
7
             All right. What's next? I don't have the docket in
    front of me. Do one of you know our next dates?
8
9
             MS. DYMKAR: Oh, yes, your Honor. Did you want to
    deal with the Zone 12 issues today?
10
11
             THE COURT: I do. Yeah, I do.
12
             Can you give me like -- are you not ready to discuss
13
    it?
             MS. O'MALLEY: Oh, she's ready.
14
15
             THE COURT: Okay. Can you give me like five minutes?
    I want to relook at what you had submitted, and then -- so I
16
17
    just want five minutes to refresh myself with that.
             And please feel free to use the bathroom.
18
19
         (Brief recess.)
20
             THE COURT: All right. Back on the record.
21
             So we're talking about the Zone 12 radio
22
    transmissions. The -- let me start with plaintiffs. This is
    Document 429. The first portion the city has no objection to.
23
    So that's going to come in.
24
25
             And also I'm looking at the city's filing Document
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430.

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The second submission that the plaintiffs would like to put in is .wav 585, 586. I think that's probably the best way for delineation.

And the city's objection is relevance and potential for jury confusion. I don't know if it Ms. O'Malley or Ms. Pinkston or anyone else, what -- can you illuminate that issue more for me?

MS. PINKSTON: Sure, your Honor. As I understand it, the argument from plaintiffs's perspective is that the officers knew that no police officer had been actually hit with a bottle or injured by a bottle. But here no plaintiff was charged with battery. And the officers that signed the complaints against David Wilbon, it was for aggravated assault. And they were not told about anything regarding a battery. They were told that he was throwing bottles at the location where they were experiencing bottles being thrown at them.

So in terms of the relevance, as to the claims, I fail to see the relevance as to this audio for those particular claims that David Wilbon is bringing.

And then in terms of the jury confusion, this specific -- the dispatcher is talking about battery to a PO. No one was charged with battery here. And I think that there is the potential for jury confusion because many lay people hear the terms assault with battery, assault and battery --

1 THE COURT: Right. 2 MS. PINKSTON: -- and they do not realize that there is a difference between the two legal terms. 3 4 THE COURT: Okay. Let's go first to relevance. 5 Ms. Dymkar, what counts is this evidence relevant to? 6 MS. DYMKAR: It is the counts having to do with 7 This is 4514(a). That's Mark Kushiner. So Mark Kushiner is at the 15th District. He has just encountered 8 9 Keith Thorton, and he's obviously been told that somebody got 10 hit in the head with a bottle, and he's verifying that. 11 So he calls the dispatcher. There is a dispatcher. 12 Then talks to the 25th District, 2510R would be a sergeant in 13 the 25th District, and says that was a mistake, there is no battery to a PO. 14 And then he -- he persists saying, but I heard someone 15 was throwing bottles at the police. And then we heard that 16 17 too, but no one got hit. 18 So he's already got reason to believe that the 19 information coming to him from Keith Thorton is just wrong. 20 THE COURT: Because Mr. Thorton says it hit a police officer. 21 22 MS. DYMKAR: Right. 23 THE COURT: All right. I'm going to let this in. 24 just want to make sure the city is not disputing 4514(a) is one 25 of the defendants, correct?

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1
             MS. PINKSTON: You said that was Kushiner?
2
             MS. DYMKAR: Yeah, it is Mark Kushiner.
3
             MS. PINKSTON: Yeah.
4
             Right?
5
             MS. O'MALLEY: Yeah.
6
             THE COURT: Okay.
7
             MS. PINKSTON: No, your Honor.
             THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to let that get in --
8
    come in. I think it is relevant for the reasons that
9
    Ms. Dymkar just articulated. I don't -- I don't really see the
10
11
    jury confusion. I don't -- I don't really see this as jury
12
    confusion. I guess I understand conceptually what you're
13
    saying, Ms. Pinkston.
14
             MS. PINKSTON: Okay.
             THE COURT: But I think the relevance far outweighs
15
    any potential jury confusion as to the malicious prosecution
16
17
    claim because it is directly relevant to the false arrest.
             And I would say if the city is -- wants to offer some
18
19
    type of limiting instruction or an appropriate jury instruction
    to address that concern, I will consider it.
20
21
             MS. PINKSTON: Thank you, your Honor.
22
             THE COURT: All right. So then I want to -- that
23
    takes care of what the plaintiff would like in. Correct,
    Ms. Dymkar?
24
25
             MS. DYMKAR: Yes, Judge.
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1
             THE COURT:
                         See how quickly we got that done.
2
             MS. DYMKAR: Love it.
3
             THE COURT:
                         That was good.
4
         (Laughter.)
5
             THE COURT: All right.
6
             MS. DYMKAR: Now we're going to screech to a halt.
7
             THE COURT: Now we'll see what the city wants in.
             I have a settlement conference at two, so we'll be
8
9
    done by then.
             MS. DYMKAR: We'll talk fast.
10
11
             THE COURT: All right. So let me go through what I
12
    understand the city to be saying, why this is relevant. The
13
    audio makes clear that the -- these officers that arrested
    plaintiff knew about the brawl.
14
             There is going to be plenty of evidence that the
15
    officers knew that there was a large disturbance that evening,
16
17
    correct?
             MS. PINKSTON: Yes.
18
19
             THE COURT: Okay.
20
         (Brief interruption.)
21
             THE COURT: What I am having trouble with from the
22
    city's perspective is the notion that there is a brawl, that
23
    they experienced it, they saw what they saw, they knew what
    they knew, how does this radio transmission, other than
24
25
    providing -- I don't want to belittle it -- but kind of that
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entertainment value that a trial has? We get to hear the real life communications. How is it furthering any of the -- how is it relevant beyond that and how does it provide something more or different than what the officers's testimonies -- their individual and collective testimony will be about what happened that evening?

MS. PINKSTON: It is going to be quite different, your Honor, because in this particular situation, due essentially to we have got a large time gap between the time of this incident and the time that discovery is taking place in the civil litigation.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MS. PINKSTON: So their deposition testimony, what they're going to be able to recall on the stand, is going to be, you know, general statements, is going to be what their general recollections are now seven years after the fact. But that, however, is not what they had fresh in their minds on that particular day.

Additionally, the gravity of the situation, the severity of the situation, it is being communicated over the radio, is going to give context as to what the situation was that was unfolding that these officers did here in the moment, that now they are being approached by someone saying, this is, you know, what I saw, this is who I am, that sort of thing.

So it is not going to be cumulative in the sense of

this is going to be detailed, this is going to be the radio zone, this is going to be the information that these officers had to rely upon.

And put simply, I think this is one of the most relevant pieces of evidence because my understanding is plaintiffs's counsel's large -- largely going to argue that they did not have enough information to arrest these individuals.

And so this is the information that they had prior to knowing about Keith Thorton.

THE COURT: So one of the objections the defendant -- or plaintiffs stated, no defendant said they heard this communication. All defendants recall hearing was just some general information about fighting in the 25th District.

True or not true?

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MS. PINKSTON: That it is general?

THE COURT: That no defendants said they heard this communication.

MS. PINKSTON: Well, in our response we provided the deposition testimony regarding --

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. PINKSTON: So Millan, Cerda, Esquivel, Garcia, Graney, Kushiner, McDermott, Silva, and Valentin all testified as to the radio dispatch communications that they heard regarding this incident.

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1
             THE COURT: Okay. And it is from the 25th District,
2
    correct? It is this communication.
3
             MS. PINKSTON: That is correct. Because 25 and 15
4
    share a zone, Zone 12.
5
             THE COURT: How long is this?
6
             MS. PINKSTON: Forty-nine -- lines 49, 17 to 53, 21.
7
             And the timing on it -- it is not long, your Honor.
             MS. DYMKAR: May I be heard, your Honor?
8
9
             THE COURT: Of course.
10
             MS. DYMKAR: Just to -- as background information, the
11
    police officers all pretty much consistently testified at
12
    deposition that they were -- you know, they are generally aware
13
    of what was happening in the other district. But other than a
    couple of officers who came from that -- drove from that area,
14
15
    they had no intention of going there.
             In fact, they were -- I think they were at the end of
16
17
    their shift. So, you know, it is understandable that they
    weren't quite focused on what was going on somewhere else that
18
19
    they weren't going to respond to and didn't need to respond to.
20
             So, in order for there to be collective knowledge, it
21
    can't be just communication, just somebody in the vast police
22
    department, it has to be information that's actually relayed
23
    and specifically relates to the persons arrested.
             This particular --
24
25
             THE COURT: So I agree with that. But if they were in
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    the same zone and they testified that they heard these radio
2
    communications --
3
             MS. DYMKAR: And we think they did. That was going to
4
    be my next --
5
             THE COURT: Okay.
6
             MS. DYMKAR: -- point. We haven't -- you know, we
    just went through, and by what we determined, Kushiner said on
7
    27 and 29 of his deposition, he could hear the reports, he
8
9
    doesn't remember the details.
10
             McDermott said, I heard a distress call. That's 88.
11
    93, don't recall the details of what I heard.
12
             Cerda --
13
             THE COURT: Does he -- let me stop you there.
             MS. DYMKAR: Okay.
14
             THE COURT: Does he ever say or any of the defendants
15
    ever say, I heard the radio transmissions that day, but wasn't
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17
    paying attention and didn't really keep track of what was going
    on that day?
18
19
             MS. DYMKAR: I --
20
             THE COURT: Because it sounds to me what you're
21
    saying, as -- I just want to -- I haven't looked at these
22
    transcripts. It sounds to me what you're saying is, I recall
    listening to radio transmissions, but today at the time of my
23
    deposition I cannot tell you what they said.
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             MS. DYMKAR: I don't think that they knew it at the
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time.

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THE COURT: Why do you -- is there something in the deposition that tells you that?

MS. DYMKAR: Because they said -- they never said that they heard -- they heard anything of this sort. And I guess my next point is going to be, how prejudicial this is because it is about gangs and guns and gunshots --

THE COURT: I --

MS. DYMKAR: -- and all that. And there is nobody who ever -- there is no defendant who ever says, I heard that there was gang, you know, warfare.

There were many, many calls, and we're talking about a -- you know, a three by three block area, and we're talking about five hours.

This starts at 2:00 o'clock. Plaintiffs were stopped at 2:30. I'm not even sure, you know, how this -- this would relate to our particular plaintiffs. But they -- no officer said that they heard this -- this intensity of a problem that occurred in the 25th District.

And we're agreeing that there was a problem there. But this disturbance was -- lasted over a period -- a long period of time, over a big -- a big, for this type of event, a big geographical area.

And our looking at the defendants's deposition testimony, you know, the most they say is they heard is an

immediate assistance. Don't recall hearing about Menard. 1 2 Heard the reports. Don't remember the details. Maybe heard 3 over the radio something about Menard. And for the -- for the defendants to be able to say, 4 5 this is exactly what we heard and that's why we did what we 6 did, there is something missing there. There has to be actual 7 communication that's relayed and that is comprehended by the person who does the arrest. 8 9 Just because there is somebody in the police 10 department at another location that is reporting different 11 things, doesn't mean that there's collective knowledge. 12 And our biggest point is, this is really prejudicial 13 because there is so much stuff going on in this particular 14 area. THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to look at the deposition 15 transcripts on this one. And you have included the transcript 16 17 in the earlier submission, correct? MS. PINKSTON: That's correct, your Honor. And the 18 19 citations are within our response. And I just want to make one point for the record. 20 21 THE COURT: Sure. 22 MS. PINKSTON: And this is -- this goes to argument 23 with the plaintiffs's position that they didn't testify as to the severity because they didn't know the details. Nearly 24 25 every single one of these officers testified that they heard a

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    10-1, and that their understanding was that is the most serious
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    call.
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             So to -- I just want to make it --
             THE COURT: And then the 10-1 was withdrawn.
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             MS. PINKSTON: Correct. Some officers did not recall
5
6
    that.
7
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. PINKSTON: And so I just want to make the argument
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9
    for the record that in terms of these individuals testifying as
    to that is their recollection, I think that speaks to what they
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11
    perceived as the severity because what they recall is that it
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    was a 10-1.
13
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: Judge, just so that -- just since your
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    Honor is going to reserve ruling, so I think also that the
    hearsay objection would apply to -- if they're trying
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    to -- even for the defendants, I think, because then they're
    proposing statements of their own parties, so also based on
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19
    hearsay.
20
             MS. PINKSTON: That would be an exception. It is the
21
    present sense impression. Some of these officers are the ones
22
    that are -- bottles are being thrown at them. They're calling
    for assistance.
23
24
             And then in terms of the other officers, it goes to
    their state of mind.
25
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1
             THE COURT: All right.
2
             MS. DYMKAR: Their -- this particular excerpt of the
3
    10-1 -- is -- it is disregarded almost immediately when it is
4
    declared.
             And Ms. Maderak, you know, testified that sometimes
5
6
    the dispatchers will sense that there might be a problem,
7
    declare a 10-1, and then immediately there is a disregard of
    it.
8
9
             It is just a -- it is just really prejudicial to the
    plaintiffs that this would come in. None of the beats that are
10
11
    listed here are from the 15th District or have a -- you know,
    are defendants or have anything to do with this case, so --
12
13
             MS. PINKSTON: That is --
             MS. DYMKAR: -- I think the defendants have to -- the
14
    defendants have to say that they heard -- you know, that they
15
    heard this information. And it is so -- it is so incendiary,
16
17
    qun, gang members, gunshots.
             And that's not what they were dealing with in the 15th
18
19
    District, you know, when they -- when they encountered Keith
20
    Thorton and the plaintiffs.
21
             THE COURT: Okay.
22
             MS. PINKSTON: Your Honor, just for the record,
23
    defendants Plovanich, Millan, Garcia, and Silva all testified
    they were at this location.
24
25
             MS. DYMKAR: They're not on this -- this -- Silva and
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1
    Garcia are not in this -- this excerpt.
2
             MS. PINKSTON: But what you said was is that they
3
    were -- none of the defendants were involved in this. They
4
    absolutely were.
5
             THE COURT: What excerpt are you referring to?
6
             MS. DYMKAR: This excerpt of the --
7
             THE COURT: The communication?
             MS. DYMKAR: -- the communications.
8
9
             THE COURT: Right. But this is what they heard, not
    what they -- I mean, as far as present sense impression, to
10
11
    make it a hearsay exception, I suppose someone needs to be
    there saying it, I suppose, although not necessarily. But more
12
13
    to collective knowledge and state of mind they have to hear it,
    not say it.
14
15
             MS. DYMKAR: And just because it is transmitted
    doesn't mean that they heard it.
16
17
             THE COURT: That's what I said --
             MS. DYMKAR: -- and/or comprehended it. And that's
18
19
    what I'm getting when you look at --
20
             THE COURT: That's what I said, they had to have heard
21
    it.
22
             MS. DYMKAR: Yeah.
23
                         That's why I said that.
             THE COURT:
             MS. DYMKAR: Right.
24
25
             THE COURT:
                         Okay.
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1
             MS. DYMKAR: And we can provide you with citations too
2
    of the defendants that I was just reading out loud of when they
3
    said that they -- they remember there were reports. They
4
    remember there was a disturbance. They remember there was a
5
    distress call. Don't remember much of anything else.
6
             And to assume that this is what they would have
7
    remembered on that day, I think is not -- that's not clear and
    that's not correct.
8
9
             THE COURT: All right. So next is Document 413,
    Millan. Page 60, line 8 through page 62, line 24.
10
             So is -- is it true that the plaintiffs were already
11
    in custody when these communications are made?
12
13
             Defendants, in your objection or response, you're
    saying that that's not -- we don't know that because there is
14
15
    no time stamp.
             MS. PINKSTON: Correct.
16
17
             THE COURT: Ms. Dymkar, why do you say that?
             MS. DYMKAR: Well, we have -- we have different
18
19
    versions of the OEMC recordings that have been given over time,
20
    and we do have -- we do have a talking clock.
21
             But this is a -- first of all, there is a description
22
    of it being at Thomas and Monitor. And I -- I printed out a
    Google map just so that the Court would understand the
23
    distances we're talking about here.
24
25
             1320 North Menard is on this map and Monitor and
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Thomas is on this map. It is four-tenths of a mile away.

So this is something happening at Monitor and Thomas, that's happening within seconds of Kushiner encountering Keith Thorton. So -- and it is -- There is -- there are no breaks in this, so it starts and says, Monitor and Thomas. Mentions somebody wearing a black shirt, blue jeans, getting into a gray vehicle.

David Wilbon is not wearing -- he's not wearing a black shirt and blue jeans. So there -- this is coming over the air from Thomas and Monitor within seconds of Kushiner coming on the air saying, we just got flagged down across from the 15th District.

So it could not relate to what was happening with the plaintiffs and Kushiner.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. DYMKAR: You know, it continues that there is this problem at Thomas and Monitor. And then there is — there is indication that there is some — this 10-1 is coming from a burner phone, which means that — and it seemed to be baffling to the police and the dispatcher because they initially thought that this request for a 10-1 came from a police officer.

But then a sergeant had traced it to a burner phone, and then they all seemed to be kind of -- kind of confused because this really looked like then it was some private citizen who was just a -- causing problems. You know, a

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1
    troublemaker or a prankster.
2
             But our biggest problem is that it cannot relate to
3
    the plaintiffs because the plaintiffs are already at the 15th
    District, and -- Kushiner has already --
4
5
             THE COURT: Okay.
6
             MS. DYMKAR: -- stopped. They are already arrested.
7
    Already at the 15th District.
             And then if you -- if you refer to, you know, any of
8
9
    the -- anything having to do with the location, Thomas and
10
    Monitor is not -- is not near 1320 North Menard.
11
             THE COURT: Tell me.
12
             MS. PINKSTON: So if my understanding is correct,
    plaintiffs are going to argue that Kushiner never spoke with
13
    Keith Thorton, is that correct?
14
             MS. DYMKAR: I think Kushiner is going to say that he
15
    did.
16
17
             MS. PINKSTON: Right. And are you going to attack his
    credibility on that issue?
18
19
             MS. DYMKAR: Well, Keith Thorton says that he didn't
    speak to Kushiner. Kushiner said he did speak to Keith
20
21
    Thorton. So there is some discrepancy there.
             MS. PINKSTON: So this is not coming in for the truth
22
    of the matter asserted, which I believe is essentially what
23
    you're saying is that this could not be true, is that this is
24
25
    related.
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It is, however, related because this is exactly as 1 2 Officer Kushiner testified his encounter with Keith Thorton to 3 That he was flagged down by citizen who said that he had witnessed this individual throw the bottle. 4 So this is going to rehabilitate Officer Kushiner 5 6 after you attack his credibility. 7 THE COURT: Tell me that. So if that's --(Laughter.) 8 9 THE COURT: That has the makings of a prior consistent 10 statement. MS. DYMKAR: Yeah, if they're referring to that one 11 12 little part where Kushiner says, we got flagged down. There is 13 someone saying the offenders are across from the 15th District station on Madison, we're pulling up on them, hold on. I would 14 think that that would come in. 15 16 But everything before that having to do with Thomas 17 and Monitor, immediately before that, like within seconds of Kushiner coming on the air, and then all that stuff afterwards 18 19 is just not -- it is not relevant, and it is prejudicial. THE COURT: What's your view on that, Ms. Pinkston? 20 21 MS. PINKSTON: I -- everything before that is relevant 22 as to the officers's describing the 10-1 they heard and that sort of thing. Because while -- again, it is going to -- it is 23 going to be corroborating the details that they do remember 24

25

hearing over the radio that night.

1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 MS. PINKSTON: And of course they can argue that those 3 details that they recall were either not correct or that they 4 misheard, that it wasn't related. But that's all argument. 5 This -- to the extent that they're going to be 6 attacking them on those issues, this is corroborating their 7 recollection --8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MS. PINKSTON: -- and their state of -- and essentially it goes directly to their state of mind. 10 11 THE COURT: I'm tracking that. What about after? 12 MS. PINKSTON: In terms of -- okay. So this is July 13 24th. THE COURT: So after Officer Kushiner says, I'm 14 15 getting flagged down, I'm getting pulled over, I'll be back, that is, you know, potentially a prior consistent statement. 16 17 That's a present sense impression. But after --18 19 MS. PINKSTON: Oh, after, after he's saying, looks 20 like my guy said that he followed these guys from over here we 21 got two carloads of guys. You have got another car. Step over here right across from the 15th District. This all goes to him 22 corroborating Kushiner's story that he was specifically told by 23 Keith Thorton that he followed them over specifically to this 24 location, and these officers --25

Those are all part of a prior -- to me THE COURT: potentially prior consistent statement if the focus of the plaintiffs's attack is going to be that Thorton never provided that information to Kushiner.

I'm sorry, Kushiner not Kushiner.

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MS. DYMKAR: Your Honor, anything that Kushiner is saying on the air is not the problem, it is everything in between. So there are all these conversations happening at once.

What they're saying is happening at Thomas and Monitor while Kushiner is talking to the -- talking to Keith Thorton shouldn't come in.

And then even the -- our clock says it starts at 2:00 -- 2:22 at Monitor and Thomas. They want to get in the description of somebody with a black shirt, blue jeans, someone who just battered a police officer, but that -- nobody says that our clients are at Thomas and Monitor. And David Wilbon is not wearing a black shirt, blue jeans.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. DYMKAR: So they're trying to piggyback on the description.

And there are plenty of descriptions. And we have listened to the whole five hours. Plenty of descriptions of people running through yards and what they were wearing, what they looked like.

1 But you can't take something that might be similar to, 2 you know, our clients because they're black, I guess, because 3 it is not the same clothes, and say that, you know, that this 4 has to be -- this has to be our client. 5 This Thomas and Monitor is really far from 1320 North 6 Menard. 7 THE COURT: I think she's got a point on that. Explain. 8 9 MS. PINKSTON: They -- so --10 THE COURT: Anything Officer Kushiner is saying, I 11 understand that. I get why that's -- I'm going to overrule those objections. 12 13 But if there is -- I have listened to a lot of zone radio from CPD, and there is a lot of things going on. And, 14 15 you know, it actually takes, I would say, a trained ear, an experienced ear -- I'm sure everyone at this table can do it --16 17 where you can sit and decipher what's related to -- what you were listening to. 18 19 And that's because we have all dealt with that type of communication. But I -- I remember the first time I heard it, 20 21 I was like -- I had to listen to even figure out what zone I was supposed to be listening to. 22 So we're -- that all creates in my mind jury 23 confusion. If we're focusing on what Kushiner heard and 24 25 Kushiner said, and, you know, presumably the collective

knowledge doctrine would say would be relevant certainly for Officer Kushiner and perhaps others, that's one thing.

But to hear the whole zone and is kind of unfettered is -- I think we run into a jury who will be confused and, you know, entertained and not -- you know, in a constructive way as to what was going on that night, and get them away from what is at issue, which is what do these defendant officers know. And they do have a trained ear. They do know what they're listening for.

MS. PINKSTON: So if I understand you correctly then, it would be essentially page 61, line -- what would come in is 60, line 18.

THE COURT: Do you have a second set of what you're looking at there? They don't have lines.

MS. PINKSTON: I do not. It was the attachment to Document 413 dash 1. And I believe it was an attachment to 430 as well.

It is the transcript we provided you guys with.

THE COURT: You know, let's do this, let's do this because I -- we're starting to get -- we did a really nice job, but we're starting to get a little bit sloppy here. I have got a 2:00 o'clock settlement conference, so -- although it is a case that I have already done two on, the same case. I don't need a lot of prep time. But I do think as a group we're kind of losing our focus.

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1
             So let me -- is there anything else on the record we
2
    need to do? Because I would like to get Ms. Warren out of
3
    here. I just want to look at the docket and see when we're
4
    supposed to get together again and see if we need to do this,
5
    Zone 12, sooner than we get together again.
6
             MS. PINKSTON: No, your Honor.
7
             THE COURT: Anything else on the record first? Tell
    me that. Which is fine if you do. Let's just get that done.
8
9
             MS. PINKSTON: No, your Honor.
10
             THE COURT:
                         Okay. From the plaintiffs's standpoint?
11
             MS. DYMKAR: No.
12
             THE COURT: Okay.
13
             MS. DYMKAR: We have another excerpt to go through
    but --
14
             THE COURT: Sure. All right. Thanks so much.
15
             Okay. Let me -- when are we supposed to get together
16
17
    again?
18
             MS. DYMKAR: September 13th for a pretrial conference.
19
             THE COURT: All right. Is that going to give -- so
20
    that I'm -- so that the deposition editing can go forward? I
21
    don't actually know, how much does it take to do the zone
    editing in the deposition?
22
23
             MS. PINKSTON: The deposition cannot go forward until
    we know your ruling on --
24
25
             THE COURT: Okay.
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1
             MS. PINKSTON: Yeah.
2
             MS. DYMKAR: I apologize.
3
             THE COURT: Oh, okay.
4
             MS. PINKSTON: But the zone editing will not take long
5
    at all.
6
         (Laughter.)
7
             THE COURT: So you're saying -- Ms. Dymkar, you're
    saying September 12th?
8
9
             MS. DYMKAR: 13th.
10
             MS. PINKSTON: 13th.
11
             THE COURT: Do you guys have time next week?
12
             MS. PINKSTON: I do, your Honor.
13
             MS. DYMKAR: I'm sorry, what was the question, your
    Honor?
14
15
             THE COURT: Do you guys have time next week?
16
             I would like to get the -- maybe we can get the ruling
17
    on the show-up taken care of and we can get this transcript
    issue taken care of.
18
19
             MS. HAMILTON: What day is your Honor looking at?
             THE COURT: I can't do Monday. Tuesday I can't do.
20
21
    What about Wednesday?
22
         (Discussion off the record.)
23
             MS. PINKSTON: I have depositions all day in a case
    where we represent different parties, so I believe --
24
25
             THE COURT: On the 24th?
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1
             MS. PINKSTON: On the 24th, yeah.
2
             THE COURT: Okay.
3
             MS. DYMKAR: We have depositions, subpoenaed
4
    depositions, on the 24th and 25th.
5
             MS. HAMILTON: Well, that takes care of that week.
6
             MS. DYMKAR: There was a problem with the 23rd?
7
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes, there are no court reporters.
             MS. DYMKAR: Oh.
8
9
             THE COURT: Well, I can tell you -- the 28th, so the
    week of the 28th I have other judicial obligations, but I will
10
11
    be here. My schedule is light because these other obligations
    are hard to predict.
12
13
             So I would like to get us in so we could get that done
14
    sooner.
             Let's go off the record.
15
         (Discussion off the record.)
16
17
             THE COURT: All right. So let's say September 1st,
    1:30. I'll rule on the show-up issue, and -- I may put an
18
19
    order out in advance on this issue.
20
             And then we can go through the transcript of the
21
    calls.
22
             MS. HAMILTON: So, Judge, just -- I don't need to be
23
    here because Ms. Dymkar is handling this.
             THE COURT: Okay.
24
25
             MS. HAMILTON: I cannot be here September 1st, but --
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1
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. HAMILTON: -- you should go ahead without me.
2
3
             THE COURT: All right.
             MS. HAMILTON: Thanks. I will be in -- on my way to
4
5
    Wales.
6
             THE COURT: Oh, good.
7
             MS. HAMILTON: Yes.
             THE COURT: That must be for vacation.
8
9
             MS. HAMILTON: My husband is Welsh. We are going to
10
    visit his family.
11
             THE COURT: Oh, good.
12
         (Discussion off the record.)
13
         (Which concluded the proceedings:)
14
                              CERTIFICATE
             I HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing is a true, correct
15
    and complete transcript of the proceedings had at the hearing
16
17
    of the aforementioned cause on the day and date hereof.
18
19
    /s/Pamela S. Warren
                                            September 20, 2017
    Official Court Reporter
                                                 Date
    United States District Court
20
    Northern District of Illinois
    Eastern Division
21
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23
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25
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